THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26. 1879.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO. 52
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 4[illegible]

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.00	5.00	7.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	18.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	15.00	25.00	40.00
One column	20.00	$25.00	30.00	45.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert E. Little.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Samuel Neal.
Treasurer—H. A. Sweppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Fobe, Charles Richart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—I. S. KUHN.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—D. Laycock.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Hobson, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. I. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Mareiay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. E. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion. Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the at Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—7 p. m. in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors, and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 5th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

M. McHENRY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office N. W. C. Market and Fifth St. Diseases of the eye a specialty. aug. 29, 6m.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. L. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879.

W. H. HOUSE,
DENTIST.
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Good sets for $10.
Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Will be at the office of Dr. L. B. Kline in Catawissa on Wednesday of each week.
Nov. 23-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
RoomNo. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg. aprl19,1878.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$80,631,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26,'80—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, '79-1y.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
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The above OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE ONLY.
LOSSES PROMPTLY AND HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING
Nov. 16 '80.

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C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's BUILDING.

C. B. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROB'T. E. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UNANGST'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 10, '80-tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
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Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe oct. 1, 1879.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

THE DAVIS.

THE LATEST IS THE BEST.
The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age
Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine, Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
Will be on exhibition at the Bloomsburg fair ground during the fair,
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate. Thousands witnessing the immense range of work, and discarding their old machines for the NEW MACHINE, is sufficient proof of its superiority and bring for the DAVIS a trade that runs the factory to its fullest capacity.

The Vertical Feed,
Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS,
Composed of only 13 Working Parts,
while others have from forty to seventy-five, making the least complicated, the most durable and most reliable machine in use.
It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.
J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 3, '79-1y.

Eclectic Magazine
OF
Foreign Literature, Science, and Art.
1880--36th YEAR.

The Eclectic Magazine reproduces from foreign periodicals all those articles which are valuable to American readers. Its field of selection embraces all the leading Foreign Reviews, Magazines, and Journals, and consults the tastes of all classes of readers. Its plan includes

Science,	Travels,
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Reviews,	Novels,
Sketches,	Short Stories,
Etc., etc.	

The following lists comprise the principal periodicals from which selections are made and the names of some of the leading writers who contribute to them:

PERIODICALS.	AUTHORS.
Quarterly Review,	Rt. Hon. W. E Gladstone.
Brit. Quarterly Review,	Alfred Tennyson,
Edinburgh Review,	Professor Huxley,
Westminister Review,	Professor Tyndall,
Contemporary Review,	Rich. A. Proctor, B. A.
Fortnight ly Review,	J. Norman Lockyer, F.R.S.
The nineteenth Century,	Dr. W. B. Carpenter.
Popular Science Review.	E. B. Tylor,
Blackwood's Magazine,	Prof. Max Muller.
Cornhill Magazine,	Prof Sellyn,
Macmillan's Magazine,	Matthew Arnold,
Fraser's Magazine,	E. A. Freeman, D. C. L.
New Quart. Magazine,	James Anthony Froude,
Temple Bar,	Thomas Hughes,
Belgravia,	Anthony Trollope.
Good Words,	William Black.
London Society,	Mrs. Oliphant.
Saturday Review,	Turgenieff,
The Spectator, etc., etc.	Miss Thackeray, etc.

☞ The Eclectic Magazine is a library in miniature. The best writings of the best living authors appear in it and many costly volumes are made from materials which appear fresh in its pages.
STEEL-ENGRAVINGS. Each number contains a Fine Steel-Engraving—usually a portrait—executed in the best manner. These engravings are of permanent value, and add much to the attractiveness of the Magazine.
TERMS:—Single Copies, 45 cents: one copy, one year, $5; five copies $20. Trial subscription for three months, $1. The ECLECTIC and any $4 magazine to one address, $8. Postage free to all subscribers.
E. R. PELTON, Publisher,
25 Bond Street, New York.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!

50 Years Before the Public.

Pronounced by all to be the most **Pleasant** and **effeacious** remedy in use, for the **cure of coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness**, tickling sensation of the throat, whooping cough, etc. **OVER A MILLION BOTTLES SOLD WITHIN THE LAST FEW YEARS.** It gives relief wherever used, and has the power to impart benefit that cannot be had from the cough **mixtures** now in use. Sold by all Druggists at **25** cents per bottle.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS are also highly recommended for curing liver complaint, constipation, sick-headaches, fever and ague, and all diseases of the stomach and liver. Sold by all Druggists at **25** cents per box.

R. E. Sellers & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct 3, '79-1y.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.

Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the
White Sewing Machine
induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a
WHITE MACHINE
except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.
WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE
White Shuttle Sewing Machine,
PLATE NUMBER **103339** FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF **FIVE YEARS** FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.
This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.
This warranty will not be sustained unless the late number above given corresponds with the umber on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced r altered numbers.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine
HAS GREATER CAPACITY than any other family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.
J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 3, '79-1y.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.
oct 3, '79-1y

$1500 TO $5000 A YEAR, or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 5 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant, strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. oct. 3, '79-1y

ESPY PLANING MILL.

The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.
Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.
made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.
CHARLES KNOX,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

AT THE
ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY
You can get a Thorough Education with the
LEAST OUTLAY OF MONEY.
For Catalogue, address the Principal,
REV. C. K. CANFIELD.
Aprils, 1879-tf

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF
N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,
TIMES BUILDING PHILADELPHIA
Cor. Chestnut and Eighth Sts.
Who receive Advertisements for this Paper.
ESTIMATES at Lowest Cash Rates
ESTIMATES free for Newspaper Advertising. Send 25c. for AYER & SON'S MANUAL.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
A stout backbone is as essential to physical health as to political consistency. For weakness of the back and disorders of the liver and kidneys, the tonic and moderate dietetic action of the Bitters is the one thing needful. Remember that the stomach is the mainstay of every other organ, and that by invigorating the digestion with this preparation, the spinal column and all its dependencies are strengthened.
For Hostetter's ALMANAC for 1880 apply to Druggists and dealers generally.
Oct 3, 1y.

EVERY DIRECTOR, TEACHER AND STUDENT
Should subscribe for
THE EDUCATOR,
A Live Educational Monthly, published at
ORANGEVILLE, PA.,
for 50 cents per year. Send six cents for specimen copy.
C. K. CANFIELD, Editor.
April 18, 1879-tf

The climate of the Middle States is very uncertain. One day it is freezing cold, and the next day you may be able to sit in your room with the window open. The natural result is, many colds are contracted by imprudence. In such cases it is well to have a bottle of Dr. Browning's C. & C. Cordial ready for immediate use. Check a cold quickly. A few hours' delay may be the means of sending another consumptive to the grave. Be prompt, and use Browning's C. & C. Cordial, for sale by all druggists. Dr. Browning, Propr., 1117 Arch St., Phila. Price 50 cents.

Poetical.

Merry Christmas!

ANNIE AND WILLIE'S PRAYER.

'Twas the eve before Christmas; "Good night" had been said,
And Annie and Willie had crept into bed;
There were tears on their pillows, and tears in their eyes,
And each little bosom was heavy with sighs—
For to-night their stern father's command had been given.
That they should retire precisely at seven,
Instead of eight; for they troubled him more
With questions unheard of than ever before;
He had told them he thought this delusion a sin,
No such being as "Santa Claus" ever had been,
And he hoped, after this, he should never more hear
How he scrambled down chimney with presents each year.
And this was the reason that two little heads
So restlessly tossed on their soft, downy beds,
Eight, nine and the clock on the steeple tolled ten;
Not a word had been spoken by either till then,
When Willie's sad face from the blanket did peep,
And whispered, "Dear Annie, is you fast fast, asleep?"
"Why no brother Willie," a sweet voice replies,
"I've tried it in vain, but I can't shut my eyes;
For, somehow, it makes me so sorry because
Dear papa has said there is no 'Santa Claus;'
Now we know that there is, and it can't be denied,
For he came every year before mamma died;
But then, I've been thinking that she used to pray,
And God would hear everything mamma would say,
And perhaps she asked Him to send Santa Claus here,
With the sacks full of presents he brought every year;
"Well, why tan't we pay dest as mamma did then,
And ask Him to send him with presents aden?"
"I've been thinking so, too." And without a word more
Four little bare feet bounded out on the floor,
And four little knees the soft carpet pressed,
And two tiny hands were clasped close to each breast.
"Now, Willie, you know we must firmly believe
That the presents we ask for we're surely to receive;
You must wait just as still till I say the 'Amen,'
And by that you will know that your turn has come then."
"Dear Jesus, look down on my brother and me,
And grant us the favor we are asking of Thee;
I want a wax dolly, a tea set and ring,
And an ebony work-box that shuts with a spring;
Bless papa dear Jesus, and cause him to see
That Santa Claus loves us far better than he,
Don't let him get fretful and angry again
At dear brother, Willie and Anna, Amen!"
"Please, Desus, 'et Santa Taus tum down to-night,
And bing us some pesents before it is light,
I want he should dive me a nice little sed,
With bright, shiny runners, and all painted yed;
A box full of tandy, a book and a toy,
Amen, and then Desus I'll be a dood boy,"
Their prayers being ended, they raised up their heads,
And with hearts light and cheerful again sought their beds;
They were soon lost in slumber, both peaceful and deep
And with fairies in Dreamland were roaming in sleep.
Eight, nine, and the little French clock had struck ten.
Ere the father had thought of his children again;
He seems now to hear Annie's half-suppressed signs
And to see the big tears stand in Willie's blue eyes.
"I was harsh with my darlings," he mentally said,
"And should not have sent them so early to bed;
But then I was troubled—my feelings found vent.
For bank stock to-day has gone down ten per cent.
But of course they've forgot their trouble ere this
And that I denied them the thrice-asked-for-kiss;
But, just to make sure, I'll steal up to their door.
For I never spoke harsh to my darlings before."
So saying, he softly ascended the stairs,
And arrived at the door to hear both of their prayers
His Annie's "bless papa" draws forth the big tears,
And Willie's grave promise falls sweet on his ears.
"Strange, strange I'd forgotten," said he with a sigh,
"How I longed when a child to have Christmas draw nigh,"
"I'll atone for my harshness," he inwardly said,
"By answering their prayers ere I sleep in my bed."
Then he turned to the stairs and softly went down,
Threw off velvet slippers and silk dressing-gown—
Donned hat, coat and boots, and was out in the street,
A millionaire facing the cold driving sleet,
Nor stopped he until he had bought every thing,
From the box full of candy to the tiny gold ring:
Indeed, he kept adding so much to his store,
That the various presents cut numbered a score,
Then homeward he turned with his holiday load,
And with Aunt Mary's aid in the nursery 'twas stowed:
Miss dolly was seated beneath a pine tree,
By the side of a table spread out for her tea;
A work-box well filled in the centre was laid,
And on it the ring, for which Annie had prayed.
A soldier in uniform stood by a sled,
"With bright shinning runners and all painted red."
There were balls, dogs and horses, books pleasing to see,
And birds of all colors were perched in the tree;
While Santa Claus, laughing stood up in the top
As if getting ready more presents to drop.
And as the fond father the picture surveyed
He thought for his trouble he had amply been paid.
And he said to himself, as he brushed off a tear,
"I'm happier to-night than I've been for a year.
I've enjoyed more true pleasure than ever before,
What care I if bank stock falls ten per cent more!
Hereafter I'll make it a rule, I believe,
To have Santa Claus visit us each Christmas Eve,"
So thinking, he gently extinguished the light
And tripped down the stairs to retire for the night.
As soon as the beams of the bright morning sun
Put the darkness to flight, and the stars, one by one,
And at the same moment the presents espied,
Then out of their beds they sprang with a bound,
And the very gists prayed for were all of them found.
They laughed and they cried in their innocent glee,
And shouted for "papa" to come quick and see
What presents old Santa Claus brought in the night,
(Just the things that they wanted,) and left before light,
"And now," added Annie, in a voice soft and low,
"You'll believe there's a Santa Claus, papa, I know;"
While dear little Willie climbed up on his knee,
Determined no secret between them should be;
And told, in soft whispers, how Annie had said
That their dear, blessed mamma so long ago dead.
Used to kneel down and pray by the side of her chair,
And that God up in Heaven had answered her prayer
Then we dot up and payed dust as well as we could.
And dod answered our prayers, now wasn't he dood?"
"I should say that He was, if He sent you all these,
And knew just what presents my children would please.
(Well, well, let him think so, the dear little elf,
'Twould be cruel to tell him I did it myself.")
Blind father! who cause your stern heart to relent?
And the hasty word spoken so soon to repent?
'Twas the Being, who bade you steal softly up stairs
And made you His agent to answer their prayers.

Select Story.

THE ROYAL ZULU.

Beneath the shade of a grove of palms a Zulu maiden knelt in prayer on the morning of the fatal 22d of January, 1879. Her face was pretty beyond most of her country-women, and her small hands and feet, her distinguishing ornaments, and graceful form bespoke her the daughter of some powerful chief. But strange, considering her nationality, were the words of supplication which flowed from her lips as she raised her clasped hands to heaven. Not from witchcraft or enchantment, or from the equally powerless deities of her nation, did she seek for help, but from Him only, the one true God, Jehovah.

'Father!' she cried, "to whom all the ends of the earth look for help in trouble, hear me for the sake of Jesus. The evil spirit of war and persecution has come down and entered my father's kraal, and Cetywayo has folded his hands and bowed his ear to listen. He has sworn to drink the blood of the white men, and eat up all the Christian Zulus of his nation. O Great Father! in tha hour of trial, keep Cassatonga and me faithful to thyself!'

At this moment a movement beside her caused the worshiper to turn round, and she beheld a stately warrior standing near her, leaning on his black shield. His eyes were fixed with unspeakable love on the youthful form before him. 'Luola,' he said, 'your prayer for me is answered; I can fight no more for Cetywayo. Last night the murder indescribable in cruelty, of Sirayo's wives, for their adherence to the Christian faith, proves what little mercy the king would show toward any one, even yourself, were you to oppose his will; and though it is our duty to bear persecution when it comes, it is no doubt equally madness to provoke it. Here we can no longer stay without declaring our faith, and therefore we must fly with all haste to Helpmakaar. You know the good missionary there, the same who taught us the will of the Great Master, and beneath his care you will be safe from your father's wrath. This alternative is the only one left to us, and I feel it is the right one. Will you come now, Luola? My horse stands ready in the thicket.'

'I will.' And though the hand extended to him trembled, the voice was ready that decided their fate.

'By Rork's Drift is our shortest road,' he said, as they reached the tree where his horse was fastened, and placing the princess on its back he mounted behind her, and turned his steed in the direction of the Buffalo. They traveled for some hours with extreme caution, skirting every kraal and open ground, till at length they arrived at a large thickly planted wood, in which they hoped to find an hour's repose. But they had scarcely dismounted ere the roar of artillery and the cracking of rifles, mingled with wild yells, were heard in the distance, and Cassatonga hastened to conceal his royal charge before endeavoring to discover the cause. Hiding Luola and his horse in the densest part of the grove around him, he selected a lofty tree, whose thick branches would be a shield in themselves. Climbing with the agility of his nation to the topmost boughs, he beheld the fatal field of Isandula spread out before him. Amazement at the unexpected sight and deep admiring pity flashed in his eyes as he looked on the tiny band of white men who, shoulder to shoulder, received unflinchingly the masses of his countrymen, as they swept down upon them.

The first emotion of his heart was to fly to the aid of the devoted column, but the thought of his bride restrained him, and he sank back among the sheltering leaves. Straining his sight over the awful plain, he could distinguish his own fierce regiment, although foremost in the work of death, yet not so preoccupied therewith as to be unconscious of tha plunder which lay around, pausing even in their butchery to collect cattle, stores, and wagons to be driven to their distant kraals. Horror and disgust filled his now enlightened soul. 'Why do those English soldiers stand there,' he asked himself, as the breath came quickly through his laboring chest, 'on that plain of Africa, far away from their island homes, to be shot down, steady in their matchless ranks, by their swarthy foes?' His own heart gave him the reply: 'To save helpless women from the savage butchery he beheld last night; to guard the gray hairs of old age from going down to a terrible grave beneath the real or feigned imputations of witchcraft and divination; and, above all, to teach the pure faith of the Gospel where reigned the degrading demonology of his native land.' His dark eyes blazed and his pulses throbbed as these thoughts surged through his mind, and he pressed his hands over his aching eye-balls as he bowed himself to the service of that flag which shelters Freedom and Truth beneath its folds.

But meanwhile the work of death went on. Those who were sent for help to Rorke's Drift were, alas! shot or assegaied; few, how few! reached the river, and Cassatonga beheld with dismay that the Zulus were scattering toward the Drift. Could he skirt the wood and reach the ford before them with his precious charge? was now his anxious thought. Descending quickly from his position, he found the trembling Luola terrified at his long absence. He described the awful scene he had just witnessed and told her of the immediate necessity for endeavoring to cross the river.

The blood of the lion-like founder of her dynasty flowed in Luola's veins, and though convinced of imminent danger, she was not wanting in courage. 'Let us go,' she said; 'God will help us, and be our shield.'

Remounting, they rode on till they came to the edge of the wood, when a new danger menaced them, which testified to the utmost the fleetness of their steed. Barely out of range of rifle-shot, some scattered parties of Zulus were coming toward them. Cassatonga knew well he could give no reason for not being with his troops, and the daughter of their king was not unknown. Were she seized and conducted back to her father he dared not think of her fate. Urging his horse to a gallop, he cleared the wood; and by carefully placing every hill and clump of bushes between him and the savages, he succeeded in making several miles undiscovered.

But just as he and Luola were beginning to hope they might escape unnoticed, a yell in the distance told that they were seen. Now was the hour of trial for horse and riders. The noble animal seemed hardly to touch the ground as he flew along the plain the wild yells of the Zulus ringing behind. At length the banks of the Buffalo rose high before them, and Cassatonga realized with horror that he had no time to look for the ford, and must only trust his nearly exhausted companion and breathless horse to the perils of a plunge from those lofty banks. But it was their last hope of safety they must do it or die. At length they reached the bank, which rose full six feet above the stream. Cassatonga held the princess tightly in his arms, and the horse's nostrils dilated and his eyes shot fire as he gazed on the torrent beneath. But not a second did the noble animal waver; obedient to his master's hand, he bounded from the bank, and in another minute tossed his noble head above the waves as he bravely breasted the stream. In a few moments, however, his feet touched the bottom; the ford was found, and the worst of the terrible strain was over. At length they gained the opposite bank, up which the weary horse toiled slowly; and soon, to his rider's great astonishment, the small English camp lay before them.

The pair now paused to consult about their next move. The Zulus, they justly conjectured, would make no delay in crossing the river, and their poor horse was far too exhausted to carry them that night to Helpmakaar; therefore they unhesitatingly felt their wisest course would be to place themselves under the protection of the English commander. Tying a white handkerchief to the end of his spear, Cassatonga approached the camp; and when within ear shot, he called out in a loud voice to the sentries, informing them that they were Christian Zulus flying for safty. They were immediately seized, and brought before the officer in charge, who received them with much suspicion, as he had only just heard of the disaster at Isandula, and was in no mood to harbor Zulus of any kind. Their tale was soon told. But though the officer suppressed his pity for the sufferings of the royal maid, he gave orders to have them strictly watched, at the same time commanding that their wants should be supplied.

It is needless to give a description of the night that followed. All the world knows how through the darkness the tide of battle surged up, wave after wave, against the weak barriers of the little fort, and was again and again repulsed. All the world has rung with he names of Bromhead and Chard, and all the other heroes who with strong hands and stronger hearts held the fort that night. But among them all who fought beneath the red-cross flag there was no stronger arm, no braver heart, than his, the young Zulu chief, who had renounced friends, fortune, country, to enlist beneath the banner of a higher Cross, and strive henceforth for a more enduring victory. As the morning broke upon the scene, and disclosed the dusky foe, disheartened and defeated, vanishing like dark clouds behind the distant hill, the gallant officer, begrimed with powder; seized the now scarcely darker hand of the noble Zulu, and thanked him as a British soldier for his timely aid. Luola felt in that moment she was rewarded for all the terrors of the night.

After some hours' needful rest at the fort, the young travelers prepared to resume their journey. They were followed by the benedictions of all. Luola had been untiring in her assistance to the wounded, and the dying were cheered by her words of comfort. Thus, amidst many good wishes, they bade farewell to their new friends, and accompanied by the officers bearing despatches, they set out for Helpmakaar. The evening shadows were lengthening as they entered and rode through the street of that town, and soon they were received with warm welcome beneath the roof of the good missionary.

Not long afterward, before these officers returned to their posts, they were called upon to witness the union of their Zulu comrade with his royal bride. The ceremony was performed by their friend Mr. B——in the words of the beautiful service of the English church. And here let us leave them. They have set themselves resolutely to the task of preparing for that labor of love which they feel certain God will in His own good time open up for them—a wide field of missionary work in their dear native land. Be it ours to pray for the success of all such noble hearts, and for the time when the swords of all the world shall be beaten into pruning-hooks, and the nations study war no more.

Napoleon's Mother.

The family of Bonapartes were of pure Italian race; there was not a drop of French blood in any of them. Their ancestors had come from the main land in the early history of Corsica, and their names are found in the remote annals of Ajaccio. Carlo Bonaparte was a poor gentleman of excellent breeding and character, who married in his youth a young and romantic girl, named Letizia Ramolino, who followed him in his campaigns up to the moment of the birth of Napoleon. It is impossible to say how much the history of Europe owes to the high heart and indomitable spirit of this soldierly woman. She never relinquished her authority in her family. When all her children were Princes and Potentates, she was still the severe, stern Madame Mere. The beauty and grace of Josephene Beaubarnais never conquered her; the sweet Tyrolese prettiness af Maria Louisa won from her only a sort of contemptuous indulgence. When her mighty son ruled the Continent, she was the only human being whose chidings he regarded or endured. She was faithful in her rebukes while the sun shone, and when calamity came, her undaunted spirit was still true and devoted to the fallen. Her provincial habit of economy stood her in good stead in her vigorous old age; she was rich when the Empire had passed away, and her grand-children needed her aid. It must have been from her that Napoleon took his extraordinary character, for Carlo Bonaparte though a brave soldier and an ardent patriot in his youth, was of an easy and genial temper, inclined to take the world as he found it, and not to insist too much on having it go in his especial way.—*Harper's Magazine for December.*

Truth and Honor.

Query:—What is the best family medicine in the world to regulate the bowels, purify the blood, remove costiveness and billiousness, aid digestion and tone up the whole system? Truth and honor compels us to answer, Hop Bitters, being pure, perfect and harmless.—Ed. See another column.

California Drivers.

The California ranchmen have wonderful aptitude for driving, and one sees some pretty good examples among the hills. The road down the mountain sides is entirely ungraded upon the outer edge, and the descent in most places is precipitous. A balky horse or a fractured wheel, or a slight carelessness in handling the reins, might easily send the carriage load of people

The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Dec. 26, 1879.

END OF THE VOLUME.

With this issue, Volume XIII of the COLUMBIAN is completed. Nine more numbers will complete Volume XLIV of the *Columbia Democrat* which merged in the COLUMBIAN some years since. This paper, with those which were consolidated with it, has for forty four years been the exponent of Democracy in this county, and has been sustained and patronized liberally. The office was never so well stocked as it is now, and it is the determination of the present proprietors to keep up with the times in all things that will help them to continue the paper as it has been in the past. The old hand press on which the first COLUMBIAN was printed, has been disposed of recently, and its place has been filled by new and improved machinery. Our desire is to constantly progress, and as we have added to our facilities for printing, so we shall endeavor to add to the attractions of the paper such things as will benefit our patrons, and continue it as a welcome guest in every household.

We thank our old friends for their support, and hope to make the acquaintance of many new ones before long.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C. Dec 22nd 1879.

The present session of Congress has been so decorous and lovely, and its adjournment for the holidays was so noiseless and unanimous, that we hardly realize that the National Legislature is no longer in our midst, but has been dissipated over the broad union for the enjoyment of Christmas.

Never before in the memory of woman or child have the shops on Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh Street presented such a gaudy appearance, and never before have women and children appeared to have so much money and such an inclination to spend it. Toys, dolls, and gimcracks of every conceivable design and price fill all the windows of all the stores. Christmas greens festoon the booths in the market places, and give a hateful to emphasis hundreds of drinking saloons. The odorous scent of cedar is in the air. Twining mistletoe and prickly holly—every variety of greenery that has withstood the winter is now brought from the forest to decorate the churches, homes, and hells.

Standing on the steps of the Capitol and looking down the grand boulevard called Pennsylvania avenue, the scene may well remind the beholder of Paris. Where, except in Paris, will he see such broad and perfectly paved avenues? Superb equipages roll along the streets, happy children play in parks as beautiful as the Champs Elysee or the Garden of Tuileries. These scenes suggest the rapid march that the city has made in commercial prosperity, as well as the lavished expenditure of the public money. Washington is not architecturally all that it promises to become, provided that the Capitol shall remain here. A sweeping fire, such as has regenerated and renovated great cities from London to Chicago, would be a heroic remedy, but nothing milder will sweep away numberless mean looking houses that contrast strangely with the marble palaces that Uncle Sam has built. The least pretentious of all these buildings represents, by far, the greatest interest of this great country. The farming interest is the one least regarded by our law makers and there is now a proposition to abolish the Bureau of Agriculture Instead of abolishing this Department it shou'd have some other bureaus added to it, and its head should be made a Cabinet Officer. The sneers at the "seed breau" have a suspicion of the same snobbishness that pokes fun at "country cousins." We ought to have a bureau to prevent the extinction of forests, and a bureau of manufactures and exports, with perhaps others, similar in their relation to the material interests of the laboring and producing classes, with the Bureau of Agriculture as the most important and vital of all, at the head, and the whole invested with the dignity and self-defensive power which attaches to an Executive Department.

There is a report in a morning paper to the effect that the U, S. Dirtrict Court will issue an injunction against the Post Master General's recent embargo upon the mails of lottery and other swindles, but your correspondent has just seen the Post-Master General and has learned that there is no truth in the report. Judge Key's just war on these brazen swindles will be kept up and extended. The amount of good that has been accomplished, and will be accomplished, can be realized only when it is known that thousands of sharpers in the cities are preying upon gullable people in the country to the extent of millions of dollars every year. The gullable class are kept from honest industry by Utopian hopes and the swindlers are kept from the penitentiary by aliases and skill in evasion of law.

—The Boston Post has discovered a ludicrous transposition in the makeup of a couple of telegraphic items in the New Haven *Journal and Courier* produced the following effect: "A large cast-iron wheel, revolving 900 times per minute, exploded in that city yesterday, after a long and painful illness. Deceased was a prominent thirty-second degree Mason." This was followed by the second item, which read: John Fadden, the well-known florist and real estate broker of Newport, R. I,. died in Wardner & Russell's sugar-mill Crystal Lake, Ill., on Saturday, doing $3,000 damage to the building, and injuring several workmen and Lorenzo Wilcox fatally."

There will be voted for next year on the State ticket one person for Auditor General in place of Schell, who was elected in 1877, and whose term will expire, and one for Supreme Judge, in place of Judge Woodward, deceased, which is now occupied by Hon. Henry Green, of Northampton county, serving under the Governor's appointment. Besides the two state officers there will be a full list of the members of the House of Representatives, 201 in all, and half the Senate, numbering twenty-five members. All this in addition to the President, a full delegation in Congress, and a large county ticket, will make a lively contest in 1880.

—When exhausted by mental labor take Kidney-Wort to maintain healthy action of all organs.

THE NEGRO EXODUS.

WHAT A NORTHERN BLACK MAN THINKS ABOUT IT.

We give place below to a communication, written by a colored man of more than ordinary intelligence, on the stampede of his southern brethern to northern and western states. His idea that the colored man is far better off in the south than elsewhere, is undoubtedly correct. The climate and modes of labor in the south are better suited to his nature and habits than those of the north. When the colored citizens of the southern states can be made to understand the fact that these colonization schemes are but the tricks of wily politicians, and that when they are made use of at the polls they will be compelled to look out for themselves, we shall hear no more about the sufferings of colored people who have left comfortable homes to come north, on the promise of treacherous and unscrupulous politicians.

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., Dec. '79.

TO THE EDITOR:

My attention has recently been called to an article in the *Christian Advocate*, under the head of Washington Correspondence, setting forth that the colored men from the vicinity of Weldon, N. C., had negotiated with parties near Indianapolis, Ind., for the settlement of two hundred families in that neighborhood.

For sometime past we have heard a great deal said in regard to the Negro Exodus; that is, persons leaving several of the southern states and going west for the purpose of bettering their condition.

No one could reasonably object to black as well as other men availing themselves of the advantages of Government Lands in the capacity of bona-fide emigrants. But as to their going to Indiana to engage in the ordinary branches of industry, I can see no good reason for such a movement. I am satisfied from what I know of the two sections of country, that the condition of the black man, civil, political and social, is better, taking the average in North Carolina, then in Indiana, or any other of the north western states.

In North Carolina, as in other parts of the south, the common right of the black man to labor and engage in the various pursuits of life, is neither denied to him, nor abridged; while in Indiana, as throughout all the north every branch of useful industry is hermetically sealed against him. Not even in Massachusetts, the boasted "cradle of liberty" are these privileges accorded. The influence of General Butler, who has done more than any other man toward raising the colored troops to the common status of American soldiers, would not be sufficient to introduce one negro apprentice into a factory at North Adams, although he was among the first to advocate the admission of colored cadets at West point.

Our sphere of influence in the northern states is narrowed down to sweeping chiminies, blacking boots, holding horses, emptying spittoons and doing general chores, with a few exceptions as in this state.

Around Harrisburg under the eye of the old veteran Cameron the black man has a reasonal amount of patronage so far as his skill will admit, and in certain iron works in the central and western parts of this state, and the portership on one or more railroads. Another noticeable exception is found in the anthracite coal regions; notwithstanding the majority of those operating are a class of foreigners supposed to be habitually prejudiced against the negro.

You rarely hear any serious objections to black men as laborers.

Black Tommy and Patrick get along admirably together; but the former is elbowed out wherever the mechanical arts comprise the industries of the community. As an agricultural laborer he will not average more than one to about every twenty-five square miles.

Mr. Editor, I was born and raised in a southern state, and have been brought more or less in contact with northern society for twenty-nine years.

The conclusion I have arrived at is that we cannot reasonably expect anything in this broad land, except in the south and from the hands of that people. I do not attempt to deny what has been said in regard to the cruelty toward the blacks. I would say in the language of the Great Queen that "the half has never been told." The prejudices of the American people are one and the same thing all over the land and are only modified according to local circumstances. I have no hesitancy in saying that if the blacks of any section of the south, had been thrown among a corresponding number of the people of the north, as their competitors and wielding a political influence antagonistic to the ideas of a majority of the whites, their oppression would have been greater than it has been in any southern community.

The only trouble in the south is, that the whites are not willing, as yet, to admit that the blacks are the motive power in the government; they are not willing to step aside and be superseded in the management of affairs any more than their northern neighbors are.

There never has been an incident recorded in history of a nation having been sunk so low in the depths of servile degradation, as that of the American negro emancipated therefrom and hurled with such unprecedented rapidity into political prominence.

I, taking this view in a communication to Governor, now Senator Vance of North Carolina, upon the political situation of the south, requested that gentleman to use his influence to bring about reconciliation and moderation. He replied to my request with the promptness of a true southerner, giving me the assurance that he would. He also forwarded me copies of state documents in which he had taken a comprehensive and enlightened view of the situation,

In my communication, I called his attention to an extract of a speech delivered by General Wade Hampton, shortly after the close of the war, to the colored people of the city of Charleston, S. C., which may be of interest to your readers at this late day. The words were, as near as I can recall them, as follows; He congratulated them upon their loyalty in protecting the mothers, wives, sisters, and daughters, the aged and infirm; while he and his comrades were in the confederate front ranks struggling for independence.

He further stated, that whatever might be the final status, their freedom war was a reality and no human power can prevent their onward progress, and whatever the feelings of the whites might be toward them on account of the previous condition of slavery, or whatever the feelings of the negro toward the whites, one thing was certain, that nature had fixed their destinies alike in the South and their interests were one and inseparable: and the same soil must be the common grave of each. He reminded them that they were now clothed with the elective franchise; and had a right in saying who should govern. He cautioned them against the danger of unwise rulers and to be careful in selecting persons versed in the science of government, to fill the highest positions of trust. He said further, that the nature of things and circumstantial surroundings would necessitate their forming the basis of labor for some time to come.

I would further state in conclusion, that our position in the Northern States is similar to what History said of the Swiss nation, that, "their weakness afforded them protection."

The government, as it has been administered since the abolition of slavery, has been unable and unwilling to protect all the people and conform to that cordial idea set forth in the preamble of the constitution, namely. To insure domestic traqnuility which is the left hand pillow upon which unity and purpose of government rest.

Unite all the people of the South irrespective of condition: make them tranquil and happy and you have expelled traditional hatred and sectional jealousies.

Yours truly

STEPHEN H. HILI

An Interesting law Question.

William Torrey, ex-cashier of the First National Bank of Ashland, having been surrendered by his bail to the Schuylkill county authorities, has made a successful petition, through his council, Colonel William B. Mann, of this city, and Judge Ryon, of Pottsville, for a habeas corpus to bring him before the Supreme Court. He was indicted for embezzlement of property of the bank, but denied any guilt, alleging that the charge against him was purely technical, as he has never defrauded nor attempted to defraud the bank to the extent of a single dollar. He also always contended, and his council held in view, that being indicted as cashier of a national bank for embezzlement of its funds he could only be tried in a United States Court. He and they held that as an act of Congress established national banks, and made embezzlement by cashiers or other officers an offense, such officers could not be tried in the State courts, because the act of Congress gave no concurrent jurisdiction to those courts, and, the law being that all offences against the United States were to be tried in the United States courts, unless the act of Congress gives concurrent jurisdiction to the State courts.

Inasmuch as upon the trial of Torrey the jury had been unable to agree, and as he had been committed for trial again, his counsel applied to the Supreme Court for the habeas corpus, alleging in their petition for the writ that the court of Schuylkill county, being a State Court, had no jurisdiction. After careful examination Judge Paxson has granted the writ, and Torrey has been brought to this city by the prison warden, who has returned as the cause of Torrey's detention that he had been committed to the Schuylkill County Jail to answer a certain charge contained in a bill of indictment, a record of which was annexed to the return.

This brings the case squarely before the Supreme Court. Judge Paxson has directed the hearing to take place before the Court in banc on the first Monday of January and required the defendant to enter bail for his appearance at that time. The bail being furnished, Torrey has peen discharged. This is the first habeas corpus that has been granted by the Supreme Court for a long time. The proceeding is regarded as one of great importance, and its result will be awaited with interest, as the question of a want of jurisdiction is regarded as of such a character that it can be raised in every judicial proceeding, and whenever it appears that a court is acting without jurisdiction, or has so acted, its whole proceedings can be held to be void. It is claimed that if Torrey's allegations be true in law that the Schuylkill County Court has no jurisdiction in his matter the cause of justice requires that he should be relieved from the long-continued prosecution to which he has been subjected.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Terry's Gang.

ANOTHER TERROR IN THE COAL REGIONS.

Another murder in the coal regions. For some months past an organization known as "Terry's Gang," an outgrowth of the demoralized Molly Maguire bands, has been the terror of Plymouth borough. The membership is composed mostly of the younger laborers in the mines, and they have in more than one instance been instrumental in electing to Councilmanic honors members of their Order. Recently quite a number of reputable citizens have disappeared mysteriously, and it is believed that some of them have been murdered. Recently two men were acquitted by order of the Court upon the ground that the corpus delicti had not been proved, although the jury were about to render a verdict of murder in the first degree. One night last week Terry's Gang, to the number of about a dozen, assembled in the streets of Plymouth, and defying law and authority, insulted whomsoever they pleased. They went to the saloon of one Wilds, nearly opposite to their headquarters. There a young member of the gang named James Rooney proclaimed his intention to whip some one present. After repeated efforts to incite a riot he attacked a young man named Thomas Foley, and with a blow broke his neck. Foley died in ten minutes. Rooney fled, but was captured and is now in the County Jail. In an interview with a reporter he admitted that he attacked Foley with the intention of whipping him so that he would remember it. He said, further more, that they were a stronger society than the Molly Maguires ever were in Plymouth, and he had no fears as to the result of his trial.

Remodeling the United States Court After the Court of Cassation of France.

Representative Manning, of Mississippi, proposes a reorganization of the United States Supreme Court and has prepared a bill looking to that end. The work of the court is altogether too much for the present number of Judges, and it takes from four to five years to reach a case on the docket. To remedy this Mr. Manning proposes on his bill to remodel the court on the same principle as that on which the Court of Cassation of France is organized. That tribunal has forty nine Judges, and is divided into six sub-chambers, each sub-chamber having seven Judges and one chief, with a chief for the full bench. Mr. Manning's bill adds ten Judges to the present court, making a bench of nineteen Judges. This court he proposes to divide into three sub-chambers, each chamber with five Judges and a chief, with a chief for the whole, as now. Each sub-chamber is to have its speciality, so that causes will be argued before the bench having special knowledge of the subject. There will thus be one chamber for admirality, one for civil and one for criminal causes. Constitutional questions are to be heard and decided by the full bench, which are also to determine finally all causes which the sub-chambers may think momentous enough to certify to it. Mr. Manning has the approval of a good many eminent lawyers, and he will introduce his bill immediately after the holiday recess and will press it vigorously.

Retributive Justice in Maine.

When the vote of Louisiana was stolen under the personal supervision of John Sherman, the only pretext set up by the robbers and by the beneficiaries of that monstrous iniquity was that the law creating the Returning Board, passed by the carpet-baggers, vested them with a revisory discretion over the returns, and there was no appeal from their final action. But though the same law directed how these returns should be made up, and when the protests, if any, should be filed with the record, no heed was paid to those conditions.

The truth that fraud pollutes and vitiates all that it touches was flagrantly disregarded and De Golyer Garfield and other advocates of the conspiracy which succeeded in carrying Hayes into the White House became for the time the loudest advocates of State rights contending that it would be an indignity to Louisiana to prove that some of the electoral certificates sent to Washington bore forged signatures, and that all of them were fraudulent and procured by corruption.

The history of that infamous event will never be blotted out from the minds of the American people, and all the actors in it, from Grant down to Wells and Anderson, will be remembered only to be execrated when full justice shall finally be done to their respective parts in its consummation. Among the loudest defenders of the Great Fraud was Mr. Blaine, who is the chief champion of the high moral doctrine that all is fair in war and politics—a doctrine which he personally illustrated in a remarkable way when he seized his own letters from Mulligan, after beseeching that witness on bended knees to save him from ruin.

Until last year, the Republicans had continuous possession of the State of Maine since the foundation of the party, and of late Mr. Blaine has run it like a political factory. The Governors and Councils put into office by the Republican machine never consulted law or Constitution to make up their majorities in the Legislature. They had the exclusive power, and they never failed to exercise it without scruple. Loose practices, open violations of the election laws, and palpable infractions of prescribed forms, intended for the protection of the purity of the ballot, became common, and the minority were powerless to prevent these abuses.

For the first time in more than half a generation, the combined opposition won a victory last year, and they elected a Governor, who has now made his mark on the records of the State, and who has at a single bound leaped into a most conspicuous position. He let it be known after the election in September that the gross irregularities heretofore practiced would not be tolerated, and that the returns would be subjected to the plain requirements of the Constitution and the laws of the State.

Mr. Blaine and his friends and followers, who had claimed a great victory, knew very well that the application of this rule would throw them into a minority. Hence they began to shout fraud, gathered together a crowd of ex-Governors, ex-Senators, and noisy politicians to intimidate the Governor in the discharge of his duty, and to raise a cry of foul play being intended.

All this clamor did not disturb Governor Garcelon in the least, nor shake his purpose of seeing the laws faithfully executed. He stood firm as a rock, and in quiet dignity let the revilers understand they had to deal with an official who could neither be seduced from his convictions nor scared from carrying them into effect. The result is that the Republicans have lost the Legislature. It is not pretended that any wrong has been perpetrated, or that the Governor and Council have done anything more than to administer the law as it stands on the statute book.

Mr. Blaine found it good and rightful to uphold the Returning Board frauds when they profited himself and his party, and attempted to excuse them on the most miserable of shams. Now, when the Constitution and the laws of his own State throw out a majority illegally chosen, he finds it hard to accept the situation, and rushes about wildly in impotent rage. If injustice has been done in any case it will be easy to prove it. The cool head and stern will of Governor Garcelon have been evidently too much for the Hotspur of the United States Senate.

Pennsylvania Patents.

List of patents issued to citizens of Pennsylvania, December 9th and each bearing that date. Reported for the COLUMBIAN by C. A. Snow & Co., Patent Attorneys, opposite patent office, Washington, D.C., of whom a copy of any patent can be had at the Government price, 25 cents.

James R. Speer, Pittsburgh, Sheep Protectors.

John Tate, Millville, Fluxing compounds for manufacture of Iron.

James O. Flower, Pittsburgh, Thill couplings.

Elisha Depue, Silvara, Devices for upsetting tires.

David Diller, York Sulphur Springs, Pessaries.

Lovren E. Hogue, Sandy Lake, Injectors for steam boilers.

James H. and H. B. McCarty, Stroudsburg, fluids for embalming.

George H. Stroud and John A. Shurman, Sugar Run, tire Shrinkers.

Simon J. Woelfly, Jonestown, rein holders.

George B. Wiestling, Mont Alto, dumping carts.

A stout backbone is as essential to physical health as to political consistency. For weakness of the back and disorders of the liver and kidneys, the tonic and moderate dietetic action of the Bitters is the one thing needful. Remember that the stomach is the mainstay of every other organ, and that by invigorating the digestion by this preparation, the spinal column and its depend acies are strengthened.
For Hostetter's ALMANAC for 1880 apply to Druggists and dealers Generally.

—Judge Agnew is proposed by the Beaver *Times* as a suitable candidate for the judgeship of the United States Court of the Western District, made vacant by Judge Ketcham's death.

—John B. Gough, in his new lecture on "Temperance," says: "In England the intoxication among the ladies is fearful. I have seen two well-dressed young women in a first-class railway carriage draw their flasks from their pockets and drink from them, not even using cups. They go from one confectionary store to another, and drink sherry until they have to go home in cabs."

We have a speedy and positive cure, for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth, and head ache, in Shiloh's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health, and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

A Strange Peop e.

Do you know that there are strange people in our community, we say strange because they seem to prefer to suffer and pass their days miserably, made so by dis-pepsia, and Liver Complaint, indigestion, constipation, and general debility, when Shiloh's vitalizer is guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

Five Hundred Thousand Strong.

In the past few months there has been more than 500,000 bottles of Shiloh's cure sold. Out of the vast number of people who have used it, more than 2,000 cases of consumption have been cured. All coughs, croup, asthma, and bronchitis, yield at once hence it is that every body speaks in its praise. To those who have not used it, let us say, if you have a cough of your child the croup and you value life don't fail to try it. For lame back side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

NEW AVDERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county Pa. at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Friday, January 23, 1880.

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Main township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by land of Jacob Brown on the east by land of D. S. Brown, on the south by Public road on the west by land of Jacob Brown containing twenty-five acres more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house, bank barn, wagon shed, straw shed and other outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of Margaret Brown, against N. H. W. Brown and to be sold as the property of N. H. W. Brown.

Ikeler, Attorney — Alias Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by land of Daniel Stine, on the east by land of Charles Fahringer, on the south by land of Michael Stine and lands of Raub & Kulp, and on the west by land of Isaac Fisher containing seventy acres more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn, blacksmith shop and outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of A. K. Walter against Jacob P. Kerschner and to be sold as the property of Jacob P. Kerschner.

Rhawn, Attorney — Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain, piece or parcel of land situate in Franklin township Columbia county, Pa, bounded on the north by lands of Benjamin Ford and John Artley, on the east by land of Valentine Vother, on the south by land of William Teeple and on the west by land of Reuben Knittle, containing seventy eight acres more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and outbuildings.

ALSO, All that certain lot or piece of land bounded on the north and west by land of Joseph Reeder, on the east by land of Hamilton Clark and on the south by land of Peter Ford containing one acre more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of William L. Eyerly, attorney in fact for Rebecca Edgerton, Reuben Nagle, Wm. Nagle, Daniel Nagle, Geo. Nagle and Sarah Petty against William Watts and Charles Nagle, and to be sold as the property of William Watts and Charles Nagle,

Eyerly, Attorney — Vend. Ex. O. C.

Terms cash.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

dec. 26, 79-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of pluries Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on the premises in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia county, Pa., at 2 o'clock p. m., on

Tuesday, January 20, 1880.

All that tract of land situate in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia county Pa., bounded on the north by land heretofore of John Van Pelt now M. E. Jackson's heirs and land of John Heavener, on the west by lands of said John Heavener lately now Adam Deitrich, and Francis Evans, on the south by land heretofore owned by F. M. Traugh now Pettit and others, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres more or less on which the defendant Willis Lamon now resides. On which are erected a frame bank barn, a frame dwelling house and out buildings, also a wood tenant house. There are on the premises also an excellent apple orchard and other fruit trees.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of Susanna Hunt, against William Lamon, and to be sold as the property of William Lamon.

Knorr, Attorney

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Terms Cash.
dec 26, 1879—ts

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrator of George Risewick, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises, in Bloomsburg, Col., Co., on

Saturday, January 17, 1880,

at one o'clock, p. m.,

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county Pa., bounded and described as follows to wit: on the north by First street of said Town, on the West by Whitman's alley, on the south by Ridge Alley and on the east by an alley, being sixty six feet in width and two hundred and fourteen feet six inches in depth. Whereon are erected a Two Story

Frame Dwelling House

with cellar kitchen,

A Large Livery Stable, Carriage Houses

and Sheds, Coal House, Pig Pen and other out buildings with a good well of water at the Stable and a Cistern at the Dwelling House.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Deed to be paid for by the purchaser.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Administrator,

dec 26-ts

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE ESTATE OF JACOB EVANS, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court to settle and adjust said estate and ascertain the amounts and legacies due the creditors and legatees of said decedent, will hold an audit for the purposes of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the 24th day of January A. D. 1880, at 1 o'clock p. m., when and where all parties interested are requested to present their claims or be forever debarred.

A. C. SMITH, Auditor.

dec 26-4w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CADWALLADER ROBERTS.

COLUMBIA COUNTY S S:

Among the Records and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of said county inter alia it is thus contained.

And now Dec. 1, 1879, on motion of C. B. Brockway J. M. Clark, Esq., appointed auditor to distribute the assets in the hands of the Administrator, and to determine the order in which future payments are to be made from the proceeds of the sale of said real estate to creditors and heirs.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the Records this 11th, day of December A. D. 1879.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk, O. C.

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday January 17th 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

J. M. CLARK, Auditor.

dec 26-ts

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN MERICLE, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Benjamin Mericle, late of Madison twp., Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Executor. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor without delay.

WILLIAM B. MERICLE, Executor,

P. O. Buckhorn,
dec 26-6w.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.30
Rye "	.50
Corn, "	.50
Oats, "	.40
Flour per barrel	7.00
Cloverseed	6.00
Butter	.25
Eggs	.20
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.40
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Chickens	.07
Turkeys	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	12.00
Beeswax	.25

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 8 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 1.75 "
Blacksmith's Lutap on Wharf	$ 3.10 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.00 "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Wholesale prices at the close of trade on Tuesday.

Buckwheat flour per cwt	$2 50 to $2 65
Wheat flour "	6 87½ " 7 25
Wheat per bushel	1 50 " 1 60
Corn " "	56 " 56
Oats " "	47 " 50
Rye " "	95 " 98
Barley " "	70 " 90
Dressed hogs, per pound	5½ " 6½
Butter " " according to quality	19 " 31
Eggs per dozen	23 " 25
Poultry, live chickens & ducks	7 " 8
Chickens dressed	9 " 10
Turkeys	8½ " 9
Turkey dressed	15 " 17

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY S. S.

Among the Records and proceedings of the Court of Common Pleas of said County, inter alia it is thus contained.

In re first and partial account of Casper Rhawn, assignee in trust for the benefit of creditors of John B. Klinger.

No. 2, September Term 1879.

And now December 1, 1879, on motion of C. B. Brockway, N. U. Funk appointed auditor to ascertain the indebtedness of said assignor, distribute the balance in the hands of the assignee, and determine the order of distribution of the balance to be paid.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records this 19th day of December A. D. 1879.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Prothonotary.

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday January 10th, 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

N. U. FUNK, Auditor.

dec 19-ts

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of Samuel Albertson, deceased.
In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county.

Now December 3, 1879, on motion of E. H. Little, Esq., Thomas J. Vandersice, is appointed auditor to state an account for E. K. Orvis, administrator de bonis non of Samuel Albertson, deceased, said Orvis, having failed to file an account in obedience to the citation and his affidavit to stay proceedings on said citation, and said Orvis having left the jurisdiction of this Court his residence being unknown.

BY THE COURT.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday January the 16th, 1880, at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

T. J. VANDERSLICE, Auditor.

dec 19-4w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SARAH KEITHLINE, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the money in the hands of the Administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of C. B. Jackson, Esq., in Berwick, on Saturday, January the 17, 1880, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place all parties interested must appear and present their claims or be debarred from a share of said fund.

LEROY T. THOMPSON, Auditor.

dec 19-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa., at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Saturday, January 3rd, 1880.

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Espy, township of Scott, Columbia County, bounded on the north by Third Street, on the east by lot of Harriet Musgrave, on the south by an alley, on the west by lot of George Hartman; being eighty-two and a half feet in width, and one hundred and seventy-three and one fourth feet in depth.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Samuel Conner, surviving administrator of G. H. Fowler, deceased, against William E. Hower, and to be sold as the property of William E. Hower.

Howell, Attorney — Vend, Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by land of Peter K. Mensch, on the east by land of Frederick Bullard, on the south by land of Elizabeth Linville and on the west by land of Henry Hoofnagle, containing sixty acres more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and outbuildings.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of John C. Myers, assigned to Henry Pfahler, against Jonathan V. Myers, and to be sold as the property of Jonathan V. Myers.

Rhawn, Attorney, — Vend, Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Franklin township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: on the north by land of Andrew Lohrman, on the east by land of Thomas Ashworth, on the south by land of John Kimble and on the west by land of Andrew Lohrman, containing twelve acres more or less on which are erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of B. Frank Zarr, Executor of George Zarr, deceased, against Susan Farley, and to be sold as the property of Susan Farley.

Zarr, Attorney. — Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: on the north by the Public road, leading from Hoyt farm to Light Street, on the east by land of Daniel Snyder, on the south by the Public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick and on the west by land of I. S. Kuhn, containing twenty acres more or less, on which is erected a frame stable.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Daniel Snyder, for use of Charles R. Paxton, against Harmon G. Creveling and to be sold as the property of Harmon G. Creveling.

Buckalew, Attorney. — Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: on the north by land of A. B. Fisher, and Daniel Zimmerman, on the east and south By Isaac Fisher, and on the west by Abraham Stine, containing twelve acres more or less on which is erected a dwelling house, barn and outbuildings.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Andrew Rupp, administrator of Mary Mensch, deceased, against George Rupp, and to be sold as the property of George Rupp.

Buckalew, Attorney. — Vend. Ex.

ALSO.

All these certain lots pieces or parcels of land situate in Main township, in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: viz:

1st. Beginning at a post in public road a corner of a lot sold Henry Kostenbauder, now owned by Arias J. Berninger, thence by said lot north forty-two degrees east, twenty perches to stones, thence north eighteen degrees west eighty-five perches to line of tract of land owned by Jacob Shuman's heirs known as the Geo. Espy tract, thence by the same south eighty degrees east —— perches to a corner of Abraham Knight's land thence by Abraham Knights line south eighteen degrees east ninety-two perches to stones thence north eighty-five and a half degrees west seven and five-tenth perches to stone, thence south forty-eight and a half degrees west eighteen perches, thence north sixty degrees west three and one-tenth perches, thence south eighty degrees west twenty perches to the public road thence along said road north forty-eight degrees west twelve and seven-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty acres more or less, on which is erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

2nd. Beginning at a post at the Catawissa Creeks thence north thirty-six degrees east eight perches thence by lands of Francis Flemming north seventy degrees east fourteen and eight tenths perches to a stone thence by lands of Aaron Berninger north sixty degrees west three and one-tenth perches to a stone thence by the same south eighty and a half degrees west twenty perches to a stone in the middle of the public road thence along the same north forty-eight degrees west twelve and seven-tenths perches to a stone in the middle of the public road thence south thirty-six degrees west fifteen and five-tenth perches to a stone thence south thirty-eight degrees east three perches to an elm tree thence up the creek, south eighty and a half degrees east twenty-one and nine-tenth perches to a stone the place of beginning containing two acres strict measure, on which is erected a fulling mill, dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association assigned to Franklin Shuman against Francis Flemming and to be sold as the property of Francis Flemming. Fi. Fa.

Zarr, Attorney.
Terms Cash. — JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
dec 19,-ts

AMENDMENT OF CHARTER OF "First Presbyterian Church of Bloomsburg."

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, for leave to amend the Charter of above named corporation, under the Act of Assembly of April 29, 1874, so that the board of Trustees of said Corporation shall consist of five members, also that three Trustees shall constitute a quorum to transact business, and that the Trustees shall be elected annually to serve for the term of one year.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY, President.
CHARLES A. MOYER, Secretary.

dec 12-3w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Reece.
In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county.

And now December 9th 1879, on motion of Samuel Knorr, Court appoint T. J. Vandersice, auditor to distribute funds in the hands of the Assignee.

BY THE COURT.

The Auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment, will attend to the duties thereof at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday the 17th, day of January 1880, at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said funds.

T. J. VANDERSLICE, Auditor.

dec 19,-4w

PATENTS

and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

dec 5-1f

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

PIANOS Stool, Cover and Book only $143 to $255. **ORGANS** 12 Stops, 3 set Reeds, 5 Knee Swells,

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,.....		7.35A. M.
Mail Train	7.28 A. M	4.40 P. M
Fast Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A.M
Express Train	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

E. M. Tewksbury, Committee, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Catawissa, on Wednesday, December 31, 1879.

☞ See Advertisement in another column.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

A Solleder has just received a fine lot of good imported singing Canaries, also a full lot of fancy Cages.

dec 19, 2w.

We wish all our patrons a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

About an inch of snow fell on Friday morning last.

Conductor John Little of the L. & B. R. R., is said to be very ill of typhoid pneumonia at his home at Berwick.

Prof. D. J. Waller attended the Dauphin county teachers' institute last week and delivered an address on Tuesday afternoon.

The children of the Episcopal Sunday School will have a Christmas entertainment on Saturday evening.

The Methodist Sunday School will give an entertainment at the Opera House this (Thursday) evening. Santa Claus will be there. Admission 10 cents.

We are glad to notice that W R. Tubbs has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to be about the house again.

A half sheet will be issued from this office next week. We would like very much to take a holiday and give our employees a rest, but in order to give the required number of insertions to legal advertisements we must forego that pleasure.

The testament used in the office of the Register and Recorder for administering oaths, has been handed down from one officer to another since 1815.

A young man recently died in Germany from arsenic poisoning communicated in water colors which he had used in drawing designs for machinery. He had a habit of 'pointing' his pencil with his lips.

Last Friday A. P. Young of Millville drove to town and tied his horse on Main street while he went into E. R. Ikeler's office. On returning, he found his horse lying down and showing signs of pain. He succeeded in getting it down to the Exchange stable where after a few hours it recovered so that he was able to drive home.

The annual meeting of the Christion Temperance Union of Bloomsburg will be held in the M. E. Church on Friday evening, Dec. 26, at 7 o'clock. A temperance sermon will be preached by Rev. W. W. Evans, after which the officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

E. H. YOCUM, Rec. Sec.

Vendue notes waiving stay of execution and exemption, with stubs; just printed at this office. Books containing any number of notes desired can be bound in a few moments. tf.

Never send to the city for what you can buy at home. Never employ workmen from abroad when home mechanics can do the same work just as well. Patronizing home enterprises is what makes the business and prosperity of the community.

George Roan, who has been employed in this office for the past four years, completed his apprenticeship on the 20th inst., and is now a full fledged 'jour.' He has proven himself a faithful and industrious workman, and his services will be retained in this office.

A change is contemplated in the proprietorship of the Bristol House. If effected, Mr. E. C. Wasser will become a partner of Mr. Koons, the present landlord, and the business of the house will be conducted under the firm name of Koons & Wasser.—*Wilkesbarre Union-Leader.*

Never ask a lady to play on the piano, unless you intend to be polite enough to listen to her playing, never add hypocrisy to boorishness, by seeming to be pleased with what you thought more contemptible than your contemptible prattle. Own up that you only asked her to play out of politeness, and failed to listen out of impoliteness.

The Catawissa Cornet Band that accompanied Company F, of this place, to the Grant reception, made a favorable impression in the hearts of the 'boys,' who speak of them in the very loudest praise. During their short but pleasant stay in our midst they won hosts of friends who will never forget them and the delightful music they so kindly treated us to. Gentlemen, come again; we are a little lost for your fine style of 'two-four' and 'six-eight' music.—*Danville Record.*

Sheriff Hoffman's term of office will expire on Monday, January 5th 1880. For the past three years he has occupied the position and has performed his duties satisfactorily. He has been courteous to the attorneys, who placed business in his hands, and lenient to parties who were unfortunate enough to have their property levied upon. Upon his retirement he will engage actively in the milling business at Lightstreet on the Ent property, which was purchased by him. We wish him success in this enterprise.

Now is the time to subscribe for the COLUMBIAN for 1880. Begin with the New Year. We want one thousand new subscribers, and expect to get them within the next few months. In order to assist us, and to extend the circulation of sound Democratic principles, we ask as a *special* favor of each subscriber in Columbia county to show this paper to one person who does not take it. It will cost you nothing to do so, and may benefit us greatly. An increased circulation will enable us to keep the price at the present low rate of $1.50 a year, and also to add new and attractive features as our income will permit. During the past few weeks, without any effort on our part, we have added thirty new names to our list, and lost but two. Lend us a helping hand and we shall have no difficulty in making our circulation as large as that of any paper in this section of the state, as it now has the largest in the county.

J. J. Brower offers for rent a very desirable stand for a store. See advertisement in business locals.

One of New York's prominent chemists, Mr. Albert C. Dong, 61 Bowery, says: St. Jacobs Oil cured a well-known auctioneer, and many other prominent citizens of rheumatism. It is a reliable remedy.

DRESS.—The aim that young ladies should have in view with regard to their dress is neatness and simplicity It is on this account that the French are so justly famous for their good taste. Young French girls are never seen in rich silks and satins, or heavy and costly materials. To be well dressed does not depend on a lavish expenditure of money, but on the selection of suitable colors which harmonize with the complexion, and fashions which set off a perfect figure or hide the defects of one less perfect. Be suitably attired for the occasion, for the weather and time of day.

Sheriff Ent will move to town soon, and take possession of the jail. He will find a small number of prisoners on hand, three of them having escaped one night last week. Workmen engaged in repairing the building carelessly left their tools in the corridor, and with them the prisoners effected an exit. By the way, why is it that the new jail is constantly needing repairs?

Latest styles of elegant calling cards are now kept in stock at this office, and can be furnished on short notice. We invite especially the attention of the ladies to the gilt beveled edge, and horse-shoe cards. Do not send away for engraved or printed cards, when you can get just as good at home. Prices low.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, muscle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg

Dec 12, '79-1y

Judge Elwell went to Lewisburg on Monday to hear an argument in the Cameron will contest. The distinguished counsel engaged in this case are as follows; For the contestants or plaintiffs, Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Hon. A. H. Dill, Hon. Charles S. Wolfe, William Van Gezer, Esq., and George A. Guyer, Esq. For the defendants, Hon. Wayne McVeagh, Hon. G. F. Miller & Sons, Joshua Comly, Esq., Hon. S. P. Wolverton and S. H. Orwig, Esq. This final argument is to test whether an issue will be awarded or not. If granted, the case will likely, in due season, go to a jury. No doubt many were attracted to court on the day named.

PERSONAL.

—Miss Ella Fox is clerking at Clark & Son's.

—H. W. McKelvy has accepted a clerkship at I. W. McKelvy's.

—I. W. Hartman has added Frank Pursel to his force of clerks.

—George McKelvy and wife are at home to spend Christmas with friends.

—Grant Herring is at home from Lafayette College to spend the holidays.

—R. A. Mercur, Esq., of Towanda, held a meeting of the creditors in bankruptcy in the estate of William Goodman, at the Exchange Hotel, on Tuesday.

—W. A. Marr and J. H. James, Esqs., of Ashland, were in town on Tuesday attending to legal business.

—Hon. C. R. Buckalew was at Lewisburg on Tuesday attending the argument of the Cameron will case.

—Mrs. W. B. Koons spent several days in town last week.

L. P. Appelman Esq., of Easton, is at home to spend the holidays.

SILVER IN COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Nathan Longebacher, of Catawissa Valley, Daniel Brosius, of Shenandoah, Frantz Frick, of Mahanoy City, and John Kantner, of Pottsville, have formed a company to work valuable silver veins in the mountains near Espytown, on the Susquehanna river, Columbia county. The authorities at the Philadelphia mint say the ore will assay over $165 per ton. The prospectors have leased over nine miles of land in which at different places shafts have been sunk and veins discovered varying in thickness from three and a half to eight feet of excellent paying ore. The gentlemen intend to erect works at once and ship the ore to the crushing establishments. Kantner, one of the party, says there is a large deposit of the precious metal on land of his on the Broad mountain, and that he knows of a cave there, the entrance to which is now fallen in, that exposes a vein which would assay $200 per ton, and from which in olden days the Indians used to fill canoes and carry it to Philadelphia.—*Pottsville Chronicle.*

HOW MOODY AND SANKEY FIRST MET.

The manner in which Moody and Sankey first met and became associated in evangelical work is thus pleasantly related: Mr. Moody and Mr. Sankey first met in a prayer meeting. The singing was poor and a friend of Mr. Sankey's urged him to start a hymn after the next prayer. He did so, the people took it up, and it helped to make the meeting successful. After it was over, Mr. Moody sent for him. 'He did not say,' says Mr. Sankey, 'How do you do?' or 'I am glad to see you,' or anything. He took me by the hand, though, and immediately said: 'I have been looking for you for eight years. Where do you live?' I told him. 'How old are you?' I told him my age, and he asked, 'Are you married?' 'Yes.' 'How many children have you got?' 'One.' 'Well, I want you to leave your home and come to Chicago. I have got a place for you. You must come, for there's a work there that the Lord wants you to do, and you must do it.' Well, two months passed, I guess, and he wrote me so much that I finally went to Chicago, sang for him in his church and have been with him ever since.'

ROHRSBURG NEWS.

Summer sweets will bloom again though the bitter biting frosts of December pinch us unmercifully just now.

Our enterprising townsman Miles Albertson went up to the wilds of Jackson hunting, last Saturday, all by himself, and his hunting story was, nineteen rabbits and two pheasants, but we imagine it is something like the girl's rat story.

Amos Hencock who has been working with Mr. Hartman at carpentering, returned to his home at Pine Creek a short time ago. His cheerfulness and quiet disposition won the respect of his employers.

The friends of Wm. Ikeler made him quite a surprise by assembling there during his absence. Yesterday on his return he made the discovery that it was his birthday.

Alick smiles into a broad grin when he whispers, 'It's a boy.'

Captain Utt has built a neat looking barn on his lot during the summer and has been drawing gravel from the creek to fix his walks, &c.

Water is a scarcity here now, many of the wells are dry or nearly so, and many have to carry water from quite a distance to cook with.

A Merry Christmas to all.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of $100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars address as above. Nov. 21-1y.

AMONG OUR ADVERTISERS.

It has been some years since as much shopping was done for Christmas, as there has been this year. People were too poor to indulge in handsome presents, and many were almost unable to provide themselves with even the necessaries of life. The fact that trade is so much better indicates that the return of prosperity has put in the power of the people the pleasure of exchanging more expensive gifts, and enabled the poorer classes to indulge in luxuries unknown the balance of the year. Our merchants have not displayed so many attractive goods for holiday trade, for a long time as they have this year. It is impossible for us to name the fine goods to be seen in all the stores in town, and we can only mention the leading houses and finest displays.

I. W. Hartman in his new combination store has an assortment of goods of almost every description. Dry Goods, silks, fancy goods, books, groceries, &c., may be found there in endless variety. While the five and ten cent counters form a strong attraction to crowds that daily visit his store.

I. W. McKelvy has opened his new grocery department, and the lower room is now devoted to dry goods, notions, &c. He has an immense stock of everything.

Lutz & Sloan display an elegant lot of silk handkerchiefs, laces, dress goods, fancy articles coats and furs, and their store is hardly large enough to accommodate all their customers. When they remove to their new building they can display their fine stock to better advantage.

Clark & Son also have a large assortment of dress goods, fancy notions, fine soaps, laces and toilet articles, which their full force has been kept busy passing out over their counters.

G. A. Clark's Book Store has attracted many visitors during the past two weeks. Books, fine stationery, pictures, inkstands, paper weights, games, cards, and many other fine articles are comprised in his stock.

At David Lowenberg's are found fine clothing, from suits for boys just in pants, up to ulsters for the largest men. Also gentlemen's furnishing goods in every variety.

W. C. McKinney's Boot and Shoe store, the place to buy shoes and boots from the finest to the heaviest. Gents' furnishing goods, neckties, etc', always on hand.

D. A. Creasy continues to keep a fine assortment of dry goods and groceries.

Moyer Brothers, in addition to their general stock of drugs and medicines, have perfumery, fine soaps, etc., and a lot of handsome lamps lately received.

C. A. Kleim also has vases, fine lamps, soaps, toilet articles, etc., at his drug store.

At C. C. Marr's, S. H. Miller & Son's, William Kreamer's, A. J. Evans', and other places of business, good goods at low prices can be found the year round as well as at Christmas time.

At Cadman's can be found all sorts of furniture from a baby chair to a full parlor set, and in the same room is L. Bernhard's elegant display of Jewelry, silverware, clocks, watches and the like.

C. E. Savage also has a fine line of silverware, jewelry, etc.

At any of our business houses, goods can be bought the year round at low rates, and there is no reason why any one should send away for goods at Christmas or any other time. If what you want is not kept in stock, go to some one who deals in that line, and he can order it for you. Keep your trade at home.

Executors' Administrators' Guardians' and Trustees' Receipt Books bound in Reynolds's covers, just printed at this office. Books with 100 receipts only 40 cents. Books containing smaller numbers bound in a few moments. tf.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

The approach of Christmas has made this a lively week. Mr. Low has a five cent window which attracts quite a crowd.

On Saturday of last week the infair of Mr. John Welsh of this place was held. We glean the following facts from one who was there. The entire family of Mr. Abner Welsh, consisting of three daughters and two sons were at home on this auspicious occasion; the parents of the bride Mr. and Mrs. John S. Pettebone of Kingston were also there and together with a number of particular friends made the goodly number of 36. The day was rather gloomy outside but not at all so within the walls of the old stone house; joy and happiness seemed to reign supreme. At about two o'clock the company was invited out to dinner. The tables were loaded with good things of all descriptions. The dinner passed off very pleasantly and after some music and conversation the company dispersed to their several homes well pleased with the way in which the day had been spent.

Miss Carrie Decker and Miss Croop have been around raising a donation for widow Coleman. Mrs. Coleman will be greatly benefitted as well as surprised.

Yours truly,

SAIREY GAMP.

BERWICK LETTER.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

Preparations for Christmas festivities are in progress in the M. E. Church, which is to be gaily festooned. The exercises are to take place an Wednesday evening, not the least of which is to be the distribution of gifts to the Sunday School children. The children all take a very lively interest in the Sunday School during the winter season, particularly just before Christmas. The sacredness of the cause of this holiday, evidently by its nearness, has this effect upon them.

The Literary Society has adjourned until the second Friday of next year, its meetings having interfered too much with those of the several churches.

C. B. Jackson returned from Washington last Friday. He brings with him Maj. Klotz's compliments to some of his (the Maj.'s) particular friends of Bloom.

The warning sound of the fire gong startled the citizens once more last Thursday afternoon. Through the carelessness of a workman a lighted lamp was upset on some shavings in the car shop, igniting the dry material. The flames were smothered by the promptness of the workmen within ten minutes and no damage was done.

A sad accident occurred last Friday about a mile from town, resulting in the death of a two year old daughter of Daniel Mertz. The servant girl left a bucket of hot water standing in the rooom in which the child was playing and left the room for a few minutes. On her return she found the little one had locked the door and was running up and down the room in apparent glee. In her romping she fell in the bucket of water and was so severely scalded that she did not live until morning.

The stores all seem to have donned the holiday attire, having their windows filled with showy articles tempting the passer-by. That of Messrs. Bowman & Crispin presents a very business-like appearance. They know how to please.

Winter took charge of the streets yesterday, though he laid a rather thin carpet of snow for those who delight in sleighing. Unless he sends us another supply, the jingle of the bells will cease.

Berwick, Pa., Dec. 23, '79. REPORTER.

The jingle of sleigh bells was heard on the street two or three days this week. The sleighing was not very good, but what little there was, was taken advantage of. Rain has since fallen and the snow, practically, is gone for the present.

The car shops of Lockard Brothers is the scene of great activity now. About one hundred and twenty-five hands are employed, and cars are turned out rapidly. This firm is possessed of large enterprise and good business management and their establishment is a fine thing for laboring men. A few more such manufactories would add greatly to the town.

THE CHRISTMAS TREE.

The world is indebted to the Protestant district of Northern Germany for the Christmas tree. There it was first planted, as it were, and its seeds scattered over all the earth wherever the Christian name has been heard. No sweeter custom ever grew among a people, and the universality of its observance to-day at the end of hundreds of years is the best proof, if proof were needed, of its moral beauty and loveliness. The whole world has made its own, and the world is all the richer and the better that it has done so. In the old German days the illusions of the Christmas tree and the Christmas gifts were more complete than now. Knecht Rupert, the modern Santa Claus, was a veritable personage, who, fantastically disguised, went on Christmas Eve with a train of curiously arrayed attendants from house to house, bearing the Christmas tree and distributing the presents to the little ones of each household after a rigid inquiry as to their merits and demerits during the year. All this has been changed, not only here but even in the older countries on the European continent, but the soul of the custom has been kept alive in the tree which each house for itself erects and decorates. With us it is well for the sake of the preservation of the custom that it has been changed. Young America could not be deceived very often by disguised Knecht Ruperts. The first visit he may get along well enough; but the second or third he would be certain to be put to some severe tests, which would, sooner or later, dispel the mystery of his existence. Modern inventions have marvelously sharpened the wits of all of us, even of the three year olds who remorselessly dissect the first talking automaton to solve the problem of its loquacity. Knecht Rupert would never do in this evening of the nineteenth century, with its railroads and telegraph lines, and it would be hazardous to attempt to make of him a living entity. Far better keep him coursing over the house tops with his tiny sleigh and reindeer, dropping gifts, as he flees, through the cavernous chimney, or even through the red hot stove. May he come in his most attractive way to each and every little one and gladden them one and all.

THE CHRISTMAS SEASON.

Christmas has always been a joyous season from time immemorial, and has been duly celebrated in our American cities, although not perhaps to the extent that the residents of the old world have always greeted this first of all the holidays. Of late years, however, there has been a notable increase in this observance of the Christmas festival in our land, until now not even Germany exceeds us in the respect we pay to this time-honored and sacred holiday.

Four weeks beforehand our principal streets are crowded with happy people intent on making others happy on the day which, by common consent, leads all others. The beautifully decorated stores are crowded with eager customers, and altogether the joyous Christmas season with us last not a day only, but entire weeks, and leavens the whole year with its happy influences.

This train of thought was suggested by a call on Monday at the establishment of Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier, at Eighth and Market streets, where the sight presented was calculated to arouse enthusiasm in the breast of the veriest stoic. One week ago, when we paid the last of many visits this season, in search of articles for housekeeping needs, we found the great house thronged with buyers, but all intent on goods for personal apparel of housekeeping uses. All the season the same business activity prevailed to an extent that we have never seen rivaled in other cities, but there was no sign or token of Christmas in the air.

Yesterday how changed the scene! In one short week, as if by magic, the great house presented an altered aspect, and on every side of the counters exhibited articles of beauty as well as of use, chosen months ago at the sources of production in the old world, but only within a few days placed on sale.

While everything appertaining to the usual stock of the house was still exhibited; yet the vast display of articles belonging especially to the domain of art and beauty made the scene one that could not fail to impress every observer with the beauty and life of the Christmas season.

As well might a reporter attempt to catalogue one of our great libraries by simply spending an hour in inspection, or to give an index of the British Museum in a hasty newspaper article, as to try to enumerate the myriads of beautiful things displayed. It is sufficient to say that any one who has not fixed upon a gift in some special line of business, as, for instance books or jewelry, can hardly fail to find in this vast collection just what would be most acceptable to the recipient.

We have never in any season of the year, in pleasant weather, happened in at Messrs. Strawbridge & Clothier's establishment without being interested, but the spectacle presented just now cannot, we believe, be seen elsewhere, and is one that must be in the highest degree interesting to every observer. We desire to add our sincere appreciation of a firm that is doing so much to raise the standard of Philadelphia merchantile reputation, and by their business, skill, genius and well-directed energy contribute so much to place our city, in a business sense, in the foremost rank of the great cities of the great Republic.—*Philadelphia Press* Dec. 17th, 1879.

The Mode of Appointing Presidential Electors.

It would be a strange sight to see the next Legislature exercise the extraordinary power of taking from the people the right of choosing the thirty-five electors of President and Vice President, and confer it upon the Senate and Assembly—that is to say, upon the Legislature itself. Though the Federal Constitution may authorize the deed, the people of New York would stand amazed to witness such a high handed proceeding.

For fifty-seven years the drift of events in this State has been toward an enlargment of the powers of the people in the matter of the appointment of public officers of every kind and grade, from the highest to the lowest. Formerly the Governor and Lieutenant Governor and State Senators were chosen only by freeholders, while nobody could vote even in the election of the pettiest officer without having paid a tax during the current year. There was a tribunal called the Council of Appointment, consisting of the Governor and four State Senators selected by the vote of Assembly from the whole body of Senators. The power of this Council extended to almost every office in the State. It appointed all the judicial officers, from the Chancellor down to Justices of the Peace. It appointed all of those usually called the State officers, such as the Comptroller and Attorney General, and also Sheriffs, County Clerks, Masters in Chancery, Mayors of cities, Generals of the militia, and so on to the end.

The Constitution of 1822 changed all this. It greatly enlarged the right of suffrage, and wholly abolished the freehold qualification of voters. It destroyed the Council or Appointment, and distributed its power in various quarters, conferring some upon the Governor and the whole Senate, some upon the two branches of the Legislature, and some upon the people through the ballot boxes. The Constitution of 1846 went still further in the same direction. Among other radical changes of like character, it gave the people the right of electing all the State officers and the Judges of all the Courts.

New York has been in the van of the other States in the work of enlarging the privileges of the people. In the line of march toward popular rights it has taken no step backward. When this movement began, the electors of President and Vice President were appointed by the Legislature. After a struggle which lasted five years, and in which the old Albany Regency was twice overthrown at the polls, the Legislature of 1829 passed a law conferring upon the people the right of choosing electors of President and Vice President under the general ticket system. That law stands upon the statute book to-day; and in the wildest political excitement of the past fifty years no party or faction has till now dreamed of its repeal. Do the Republicans of New York propose to deprive the people of a precious privilege and to roll back the current of events by blotting out this old statute, in order to secure a third Presidential term for General Grant?—*N. Y. Sun.*

Republicans are very indignant because the Governor and council of Maine have "counted in" a democratic majority in the Legislature of that state. For years, under republican rule, the returns have not been made out according to law, and this year the board has followed the statute strictly and the result has been the seating of a democratic majority. While the Republicans are contemplating the seizure of New York by having the Presidential electors of that state appointed by the Legislature, they are making a great howl because their own game has been played in Maine.

The Republican national committee met at Washington on Wednesday of last week and elected J. D. Cameron its chairman. This means that Grant's friends have captured the committee, and that he will be made the candidate for President if he will except. Cameron is for Grant first, then for Sherman, while Blaine brings up the rear. There will likely be some lively wire-pulling before the convention meets, as Blaine does not intend to retire without a struggle. The Convention will be held in Chicago, some time in June.

—Mrs. Joseph Gales gave a dinner at Eckington to Nathaniel P. Willis, who was one of her especial friends. He sat beside a sprightly niece of hers and the two became very lively. And Mr. Campbell sat beside the hostess and was devoted in his attentions to her. This, however, did not so absorb the aunt as to prevent her from watching the flirtation going on between Mr. Willis and her niece. She frowned and sent reproving glances down until the young lady seized pencil and paper and hurriedly wrote and sent to her aunt the following lines;

Dear aunt—why seek my acts to trammel?
You strain at my Nat and swallow your Campbell.

This clever thrust silenced the aunt and secured immunity for the young lady.

Business Notices

For Rent.

A desirable store room, corner room in what is known as Brower building, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa. Nearly opposite the Exchange Hotel, opposite the Post Office and first door above the Court House, being one of the best located Store Rooms in the Town. The room is well fitted up with Counters, Shelving, Gas fixtures, &c. Possession April 1, 1880.

Inquire of J. J. Brower, Bloomsbbrg, Pa.

Sacred Calendars, Business men's Calendars, Shakespearean Calendars, and New Year's Cards at Clark's Book Store.

A lot of Chestnuts for sale by Silas Young at Light Street.

December, 19. 3w.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

200 nice thrifty white shotes that weigh 35, 40, 50, and 60 lbs; wanted at Light Street by Silas Young.

Nov. 21. 2-m.

Youths, Boys and Childrens' Hats and Caps forwinter wear at D. Lowenberg's.

Wanted 2000 lbs of nice dried Raspberries, at 25 cents per pound. And 2000 lbs of nice dried pitted cherries for which I will pay the very highest market price.

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18–6m.

Admission free at McKinney's.

4,000 pounds of nice dried apples wanted at Silas Youngs store Light Street for which I will pay the highest market prices.

December, 19. 2-m.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

500 Beef hides wanted by Silas Young Light Street for which I will pay the highest cash market price.

December, 19. 2 m.

"Wanted, 200 tons of good Rock Oak Bark at $5 per ton by Silas Young Light Street. Sept. 19, 3m.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Want good live calves that weigh 120 lbs. to 125, 130, 140, 150, 160 and upward at Light Street by

SILAS YOUNG.

Sept. 19 3-m.

Real Seal Skin Caps just received at David Lowenberg's.

I will pay 5 cents per pound cash for 200 good veal calves that weigh from 125, 130, 140, 150, to 160. lbs. and upwards. You can bring them on Monday Tuesday and Wednesday of any week.

November, 21. 2-m. Silas Young.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!
CAPS, CAPS, CAPS.

Latest styles. Lowest Prices at the Popular Clothing Store of D. Lowenberg.

Rubber Coats white and black, Blankets, Leggings, Gloves, Caps at the lowest prices at D. Lowenberg's.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Still ahead, the Nob by Over Coats, Ulsters and suits at D. Lowenberg's.

PAINTING

AND

Paper Hanging.

WM. F. BODINE,

IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA

is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE PAINTING

Plain and Ornamental

PAPER HANGING,

BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.

NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED

Estimates Made on all Work.

WM. F. BODINE.

Oct. 1, 1878.

1880.

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

"Studying the subject objectively and from the educational point of view—seeking to provide that which, taken altogether, will be of the most service to the largest number—I long ago concluded that, if I could have but one work for a public library, I would select a complete set of "Harper's Monthly."—Chas Francis Adams, Jr.,

Its contents are contributed by the most eminent authors and artists of Europe and America, while the long experience of its publishers has made them thoroughly conversant with the desires of the public, which they will spare no effort to gratify.

The volumes of the "Magazine" begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " "	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " "	4 00
The THREE above-named publications, One Year	10 00
Any TWO above named, One Year	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, One Year	1 50

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

A complete Set of "Harper's Magazine," comprising 59 Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, on receipt of $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, post paid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 38 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

dec 12

1880.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

This periodical has always, by its able and scholarly discussions of the questions of the day, as well as by its illustrations—which are prepared by the best artists—exerted a most powerful and beneficial influence upon the public mind.

The weight of its influence will always be found on the side of morality, enlightenment, and refinement.

The volumes of the "Weekly" begin with the first Number in January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " "	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " "	4 00
The THREE above-named publications, One Year	10 00
Any TWO above named, One Year	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, One Year	1 50

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Twenty-three Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1880.

HARPER'S BAZAR

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular periodical is pre-eminently a journal for the household.

Every Number furnishes the latest information in regard to Fashions in dress and ornament, the newest and most approved patterns, with descriptive articles derived from authentic and original sources; while its Stories, Poems, and Essays on Social and Domestic Topics, give variety to its columns.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, One Year	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY, " "	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, " "	4 00
The THREE above-named publications, One Year	10 00
Any TWO above named, One Year	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, One Year	1 50

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. A complete Set, comprising Twelve Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

A FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers to sell on moderate terms at private sale, a valuable FARM situate in Mount Pleasant township, Columbia county, about two and a half miles west of Bloomsburg, the county seat of said Columbia county.

Said Farm contains

124 Acres of Land

with the necessary improvements thereon erected and is in a good state of Cultivation. There is on said premises

A NEVER FAILING STREAM OF WATER

with the right for a MILL or other purposes and a fair supply of timber adjacent. It is a desirable property, and will be sold at a bargain to the purchaser.

☞ For terms and particulars address by mail or apply to

B. STOHNER,

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Penna.

dec 18-1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEORGE BREECE, DECEASED,

Letters of administration on the estate of George Breece, late of Madison Twp., Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the Ad ministrator without delay.

WILLIAM MASTELLAR,
Buck Horn, P. O.,
Nov. 26-6w* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN LAYCOCK, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Laycock, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

DAVID LOWENBERG,
Administrator.

Dec. 5,-6w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY SS.

Among the Records of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, inter alia it is this contained:

In the matter of the estate of Levi Creasy, deceased.

And now December 9, 1879, on motion of S. Knorr, the Court appoint Robert Buckingham, auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the administrator.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the Records this 10th day of December A. D. 1879.

WM. KNICKBAUM,
Clerk O. C.

The Auditor in the above case will meet the parties interested at the office of C. G. Barkley, Esq on Friday the 9th, day of January A. D 188-, at which time the heirs and parties interested must present their claim or claims against the above estate, or be forever barred from receiving the same.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM,
dec 19-4w Auditor.

BENSONS CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

THE ONLY MEDALS EVER AWARDED FOR POROUS PLASTERS WERE GIVEN to the manufacturers of BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS at the Centennial and Paris Expositions.

OVER 5,000 PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS HAVE VOLUNTARILY TESTIFIED that they are great improvement on the common, slow acting Porous Plasters by reason of their prompt action and the absolute certainty of their quickly relieving pain, and effecting a positive cure.

dec 5-4w d PRICE 25 CENTS.

The Old Established Drug Store.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Corner Main and Market Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been in the WHOLESALE DRUG business for the past eleven years would call the attention of the public generally, and COUNTRY DEALERS in particular, to their large and varied stock.

It consists of

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

The Retail Department

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Cannot be surpassed anywhere.

IN IT MAY BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SPONGES,

CHAMOIS, COLOGNES,

PERFUMERY, CIGARS,

FANCY ARTICLES, TOILET SOAPS,

TOOTH BRUSHES,

HAIR BRUSHES, LAMPS, GLOBES,

and in fact every thing that should be kept in a complete and well regulated Drug Store.

They are the sole Manufactures of the Celebrated

OIL OF GLADNESS.

Also the Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors DR. W. M. BICKLEY'S Celebrated and

INVALUABLE PREPARATIONS.

Compound Aromatic Wine of Gentian and Iron, Improved Cream Camphor, Worm Killing Agent, Improved Rose Pectoral.

The Beset Rmedies Made.

Highly Recommended by Physicians.

MOYER BROTHERS,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 17, '79.

Miscellaneous.

Grafting Vines.

The Germantown *Telegraph* reminds its readers that winter, and not spring, is the time for grafting their vines with others. This is owing to the fact that in the spring of the year there is such a tremendous pressure upwards by the ascending sap that the parts of the scion and stock, which, to unite, must of course touch one another, are forced apart by the sap. When the grafts are put in at this season there is little of this. The severed cells granulate and heal, and when the sap is ready to flow upward strongly, it goes up through its regular channels in the graft without any tendency to break out through the junction. The *Telegraph* recommends the operator to draw away the soil from the stock to be grafted, cut it down about two inches from the surface, then cut with a stout, sharp knife, a long and narrow wedge-shaped notch in the stock, and shape the scion as a wedge to fit in the notch in the stock. The lips of the notch are then tied together and the earth drawn in around the whole, leaving the upper eye of the graft above the ground.

It is very astonishing, adds the same authority, that grape grafting is not more generally practiced, and especially since the discovery that the great success of the Concord, Clinton and a few other grapes is not owing to any extra constitutional hardness, but to the fact that the power to throw out numerous fibrous roots is greater in these kinds. If this be true, and it seems to be really the case, we may have the choicest and best of grapes by grafting them, on these vigorous rooting stocks. For once the French seem to have taken a start ahead of us in this matter. They sent an agent to this country some years ago—a shrewd, observing fellow—and he took in the whole situation at once. The result has been that millions on millions of Concord and Clinton cuttings have been sent to France the past five or six years, and in the future the vineyards of that country my be brought to a higher grade of perfection than ever before.

—It is simply marvelous how quickly constipation, billiousness, and sick headache are cured by "Sellers' Liver Pills."

Slavery at Hong Kong.

Governor Hennessy, on his return to the seat of his government, will have found a subject demanding investigation, and one with which he will, no doubt, deal promptly. It is hard to imagine that in this instance any reforms which he may insist upon instituting will be objected to or meet with opposition on the part of the residents of Hong Kong; yet recalcitrancy, as inexplicable as it would be now in view of recent occurrences, has before been manifested in the same locality. The Daily press makes the astonishing revelation that, in the island of fragrant streams a trade in human flesh and blood is so unblushingly carried on that premiums for the recovery of runaway slaves are openly advertised. A Chinese placard, whereof a translation is made by our contemporary, has been publicly posted in the town of Victoria, offering a reward for information leading to the restoration to her owner of a girl 14 years of age who had absconded. The word used to designate the child is said to be an exact equivalent of the term 'slave,' and in no way related to that applied to offspring placed by parents in families of better position than their own. A terrible condition of affairs is disclosed. Bands of pirates make organized descents upon the mainland, and carry off all the young women and children of whole villages. The captives are then put upon passage boats and conveyed to Hong Kong, where the girls are drafted into brothels and the boys sold to tradesmen. It is stated that the wretched victims consider themselves wholly in the power of their captors, and allow their bodies to be disposed of without offering any resistance. Occasionally a case is detected by the police, and severely punished in the Courts. Immunity, however, is apparently the rule, and conviction the exception, in the case of the ruffian roberer, for there is much force in the suggestion that, as the number of prisoners charged last year before the British Magistrates with abduction and sale of women and female children was no less than forty-seven, the trade must be both extensive and profitable in order to cover the risk it invoives. The Press goes on to remark that, as persons of position and outward respectabtlity are more or less directly concerned, one remedy might be applied, namely, to make the purchase of children as dangerous an undertaking as the sale. If there is a case in which the receiver is worse than the thief, and should incur a severer penalty, this is such a one. The attention of the Chief Justice has been attracted to the inquitous traffic, and there is hope that Mr. Hennessy, acting in concert with the provincial authorities on the mainland, may devise some effective method to remove this new stigma from the record of a colony whose annals are unfortunately connected with the worst results of the intercourse which Great Britain has forced upon reluctant China.—*Tokio Times.*

Farm and Fireside.

Turnips are healthful for horses. They should be cut in slices or, what is better, pulped finely and mixed with a little meal and some salt. Rutabagas are better than white turnips.

As a general thing it is cheaper and more convenient to get seeds of the regular seedsman than to save them. But it any are saved, let them always be of the earliest, fairest and best specimens.

For iron rust take dry cream of tartar and rub on with the finger while the cloth is wet. Hang or place where the sun will shine directly upon it. Should the rust not come out with the first application, repeat.

If strawberry beds are to be protected this winter the material used should not cover the soil with seeds. Probably straw, or even the leaves or small stalks of corn, are as good as anything that can be used.

The most satisfactory results with bees may be expected if abundant stores of honey can be found within two miles. They will work more freely upon blossoms at some little distance from the apiary than upon those close by.

In nearly all cases small boned animals are good feeders, will manure early and possess fine flesh. On the other hand, coarse bones and large joints indicate late maturity, poor feeding quality and coarse flesh, with a large proportion of offal.

A cellar that is cool, dry and dark, and yet well ventilated, is the best place for preserving potatoes in large quantities. When smaller quantities are to be preserved, there is nothing like dry sand. The same may be said of fruits and roots of all sorts.

Cold and wet do much harm to young stock and stop the growth, which is rarely commenced again until the warm weather of the next season. A rough shed in the pasture will furnish useful protection, and a small supply of rich food is of value in keeping up the thrift.

In plowing it is never a good plan to turn up a mass of crude earth of several inches in depth never before exposed to the sunlight and air. It will, unless heavy manuring is given as a top dressing, result in loss. In deepening a soil it is better to plow up an additional inch each year.

A farmer at Waynesboro', Va., says he believes that a number of his sheep have died of epilepsy. When found they were lying down and all four feet were in rapid motion. They were foaming at the mouth, and then came a diarrhœa, shortly ending in death.

The season is too far advanced for turning horses out at night. A cold rain coming on suddenly may do much harm. If horses are caught in the rain and thoroughly drenched, it will be well to rub them dry, and then blanket them as soon as they reach home. But the blankets should never be put on till the horses are thoroughly dry.

Fields will need to be relieved of excess of surface water, but water furrows should be so arranged that as much of the rainfall as possible may be retained on the land. If watter channels are made down a slope soluble fertilizers and manure will be washed away. Make furrows diagonally across the slope, with very little fall, and make them broad and shallow, instead of deep and narrow.

At no season of the year is animal diet, or its best substitute, milk, as necessary for fowls as at moulting time. A diet composed of boiled potatoes, mashed and mixed with ground oats and wheat bran and the whole mixed with sour milk, will carry the fowls through about as well as any that can be given. Fowls should not be fed on whole corn during their moult. Oats, wheat, buckwheat, etc., are better food until after the moult is over.

A recent inventor claims to be able to make hard-wood lumber from common wheat straw. The straw is first made into a pulp and then into ordinary pasteboard. As many of these sheets are taken as required to make the thickness of lumber desired, and are passed through a chemical solution, the composition of which is not stated, and afterwards the sheets are passed through rollers and the hard lumber, impervious to water, comes out ready for use.—*American Agriculturist.*

Blanketed cattle are descended from Dutch stock imported into this country a long time ago. Several names have been giving to these cattle as 'Belted,' 'Sheeted,' Draped,' etc., all founded upon the leading characteristic, namely: a broad band, or belt, of white, passing around the middle of the body while all the rest is black. They are excellent milkers, and are found in considerable numbers in Orange county, N. Y., a noted dairy locality; and when seen there in herds are marked features of the landscape, which even the unobserving traveler could not fail to notice and admire. In Holland this peculiarly marked breed is preserved with great care.—*American Agriculturist.*

Baby Saved!

We are so thankful to say that our baby was permanently cured of a dangerous and protracted irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.—The parents, Rochester, N.Y. See another column.

Getting a Dinner.

A gentleman who had traveled about pretty extensively was greatly perplexed to understand how it was that other persons were waited upon promptly and well served at the hotels, while he was almost entirely ignored and hardly able to get a square meal—complain to or swear at the waiters as he might. At last his eyes are opened to the dodge of feeing the waiter liberally, and being of an ingenious turn of mind he determined to improve on the plan. The next hotel he dined at he took his seat very pompously at the table and took out a well filled pocket book, extracting therefrom a ten dollar bill which he laid on the white cloth beside his plate, and placed a goblet upon it. In an instant almost he was surrounded by waiters, who seemed to vie with each other in attentions, Every wish was anticipated, and all the delicacies of kitchen and pantry were placed before him in tempting array. Having fared as sumptously as a prince (to the envy of many of the guests) he took up the greenback, and beckoning to the nearest waiter, was immediately besieged by half a dozen or so. Holding the bill in one hand, he pointed to it with the other, and inquired of the crowd:

"Do you see that bill?"

"Oh, yes, sir," they all exclaimed in chorus.

"Then take a good look at it, for you will never see it again." Saying which he departed, leaving the waiters aghast.

Communion Wine.

—The grape crop of A. Speer's vineyards in New Jersey last year was one-third larger than any previous year. His vineyards in New Jersey, and the product from the grapes he purchases, have enabled him to keep a stock for years ahead. None sold less than four year old. It has become a popular evening wine among the best families in New York, and for communion purposes. For sale by C. A Klime Bloomsburg Pa.

$1.25 Per copy, when sent in clubs of 20, is the price of the Philadelphia Weekly Times one year, to any address.

$1.50 Per copy, when sent in clubs of 10, is the price of the Philadelphia Weekly Times, one year to any address.

$2.00 Per copy, to single subscribers is the price of the Philadelphia Weekly Times, one year, to any address.

$6.00 For six dollars we will send three copies one year, to any address, postage free and give the person sending us the money a copy of the ANNALS OF THE WAR, a beautifully illustrated volume of 800 pages, the retail price of which is four dollars.

WE UNHESITATINGLY CLAIM FOR THE

PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY TIMES

that it is the Largest, the Cheapest and the Best family Journal published, write to us for a specimen copy and judge for yourself. In its columns the reader will find all the news, ample variety of editorial, poetry, literary articles, stories and sketches, tales of travel, fashion gossip, interviews with prominent men, financial reports, dramatic criticism, religious tidings, agricultural and domestic articles, and every other feature that can make a paper valuable. The miscellany of spirited writings, covering every variety and range of subject and thought will be maintained as of old by contributors who stand at the head of their specialties.

A special feature will be the continuation of the "Annals of the War," Graphically written by soldiers of North and South, descriptive of scenes and events in which they took an active part, one chapter of which will appear in each number. These ANNALS have proved so valuable that the bound volume containing their first series has found an immense sale.

TERMS—ONE YEAR:

One Copy	$2 00	Ten Copies	$15.00
Five Copies	8 00	Twelve Copies	25.00

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CATARRH

Of Ten Years' Duration. The Discharges Thick, Bloody, and of Foul Odor. Senses of Smell and Taste Wholly Gone. Entirely Cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Messrs Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen—I feel compelled to acknowledge to you the great benefit SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE has been to me. For ten years I have been afflicted with this loathsome disease, and especially in the winter time has it been most severe. The discharge has been thick and bloody, emitting a foul odor so bad that my presence in a room with others was very offensive to them. One week after commencing the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE I was not troubled with it at all. My senses of taste and smell, which were wholly gone, have now fully returned, and my general health is much improved. Yours,

MELBOURNE H. FORD,
Short-Hand Writer.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Nov. 5, 1876.

LATER.

Gentlemen: The package of SANFORD'S CURE arrived here to-night all right. I don't know what I should have done if it had not been for this remedy. I have tried Nasal Douches and everything else, and although I have been able to stop the offensive discharge, I have not been able to recover my senses of taste and smell until I tried SANFORD'S CURE. You can refer any one you please to me, and I will cheerfully inform them in detail as to the benefit the remedy has been to me.

Yours, MELBOURNE H. FORD.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Nov. 15, 1876.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

not only promptly arrests the corroding discharges in Catarrh, but, by sympathetic action, it restores to sound health all the organs of the head that have become affected by it, and exhibit any of the following affections:—

Defective Eyesight, Inflamed and Mattery Eyes, Painful and Watery Eyes, Loss of Hearing, Earache, Neuralgia of the Ear, Discharges from the Ear, Ringing Noises in the Head, Dizziness, Nervous Headache, Pains in the Temples, Loss of the Senses of Taste and Smell, Elongation of the Uvula, Inflammation of the Tonsils, Putrid Sore Throat, Tickling or Hacking Cough, Bronchitis, and Bleeding of the Lungs.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full and carefully prepared directions for use in all cases. Price, $1. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

AN Electro-Galvanic Battery, combined with a highly Medicated Plaster, forming the grandest curative agent in the world of medicine, and utterly surpassing all other Plasters heretofore in use. They accomplish more in one week than the old Plasters in a whole year. They do not palliate, they CURE. They

Relieve Affections of the Chest.
Relieve Affections of the Lungs
Relieve Affections of the Heart.
Relieve Affections of the Liver.
Relieve Affections of the Spleen.
Relieve Affections of the Kidneys.
Relieve Affections of the Spine.
Relieve Affections of the Nerves.
Relieve Affections of the Muscles.
Relieve Affections of the Joints.
Relieve Affections of the Bones.
Relieve Affections of the Sinews.

No matter what may be the extent of your suffering, try one of these Plasters. Relief is instantaneous, a fact supported by hundreds of testimonials in our possession. Bear in mind that the most important discoveries in pharmacy date back less than ten years, and that combinations of gums and essences of plants and shrubs herein united with Electricity to form a curative Plaster, is soothing, healing, and strengthening properties as far superior to all other Plasters heretofore in use as the scientific physician is to the horse-leech.

Price, 25 Cents.

Be careful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER lest you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

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KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

That Acts at the Same Time on

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect; if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Billiousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will come more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?

Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?

Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and

One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.

Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON CO., Proprietors,
Burlington, Vt.

h 7 1879.

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

SPEER'S

PASSAIC, N.J.

WINE

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the Juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County

Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurrassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

June 27, 1879-tf

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
PIKE & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Edwin Eastman in Indian Costume.

SEVEN AND NINE YEARS AMONG THE COMANCHES AND APACHES. A neat volume of 300 pages, being a simple statement of the horrible facts connected with the sad massacre of a helpless family, and the captivity, tortures and ultimate escape of its two surviving members. For sale by our agents generally. Price $1.00.

The incidents of the massacre, briefly narrated, are distributed by agents, FREE of charge.

Mr. Eastman, being almost constantly at the West, engaged in gathering and curing the materials of which the medicine is composed, the sole business management devolves upon Dr. Johnson, and the remedy has been called, and is known as

Dr. Clark Johnson's
INDIAN BLOOD PURIFIER.

Price of Large Bottles - - - - - - - - $1.00
Price of Small Bottles - - - - - - - - 50

Read the voluntary testimonials of persons who have been cured by the use of Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, in your own vicinity.

Testimonials of Cures.

DYSPEPSIA **DR. CLARK** LIVER DISEASES

JOHNSON'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

Laboratory, 77 W. 34 St., New York City,

LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

[TRADE MARK.]

The Best Remedy Known to Man!

Dr. Clark Johnson having associated himself with Mr. Edwin Eastman, an escaped captive, long a slave to Wahkautola, the medicine man of the Comanches, is now prepared to lend his aid in the introduction of the wonderful remedy of that tribe.

The experience of Mr. Eastman being similar to that of Mrs. Chas. Jones and son, of Washington Co., Iowa, an account of whose sufferings were thrillingly narrated in the *New York Herald* of Dec. 15th, 1878, the facts of which are so widely known, and so nearly parallel, that but little mention of Mr. Eastman's experiences will be given here. They are, however, published in a neat volume of 300 pages, entitled, "Seven and Nine Years Among the Comanches and Apaches," of which mention will be made hereafter. Suffice it to say, that for several years Mr. Eastman, while a captive, was compelled to gather the roots, gums, barks, herbs and berries of which Wakametkia's medicine was made, and is still prepared to provide the SAME materials for the successful introduction of the medicine to the world; and assures the public that the remedy is the same now as when Wakametkia compelled him to make it.

Wakametkia, the Medicine Man

Nothing has been added to the medicine and nothing has been taken away. It is without doubt the Best PURIFIER of the BLOOD and RENEWER of the SYSTEM ever known to man.

This Syrup possesses varied properties.

It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It regulates the Bowels.
It purifies the Blood.
It quiets the Nervous System.
It promotes Digestion.
It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.
It clears off the old blood and makes New.
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only being required in attention to directions.*

Would not be Without it.

Benton, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.

Mrs. Barber.

Never Fails to Cure.

East Lemon, Wyoming Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—I was sick for three years, and under professional treatment most of the time without being benefited. At last I was induced to try your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and after a short trial, I found myself in better health than I had been for six years.

Mrs. Theron Ball

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.

Rohrsburg, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has been used by me, for Liver Complaint, which had been troubling me for a long time I derived more benefit from the use of the Syrup than from any other medicine. I heartily recommend it, and advise all sufferers to give it a trial.

L P Smith

Loss of Appetite.

Rohrsburg Columbia county Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for Loss of appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I believe your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.

Mrs. E Avery

Pains in Shoulders.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Shoulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.

Mrs. Mary Welsh.

Kidney Complaint.

Bear Gap, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney Complaint for a long time and had been under doctors' treatment, but the doctors could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my Left Arm. We obtained some of your invaluable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.

Josiah John.

Female Complaints.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for my wife for Inflamation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.

J K Herner

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him constantly, day and night, I consulted two doctors and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP, a short trial of which, cured him.

Lambert Camp.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

Numida, Columbia County, Pa:

Dear Sir:—For many years my wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia, and we spent considerable money without receiving benefit. We procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and she began to improve in health from the time she commenced its use.

Solomon D Snyder

Liver Complaint.

Centralia, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was unwell and could scarcely attend to my work, I think my Liver was affected, I procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and now, after a short trial, feel like a new man. I recommend its use to all.

Daniel Goodman.

Dyspepsia and Neuralgia.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has effected a permanent cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.

Mrs. John Thornton.

Bilious Stomach Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Bilious Complaint and by the use of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP it has effectually cured me.

John N Williams.

Lyspepsia Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has cured me of Dyspepsia.

Mrs. S B Adkins.

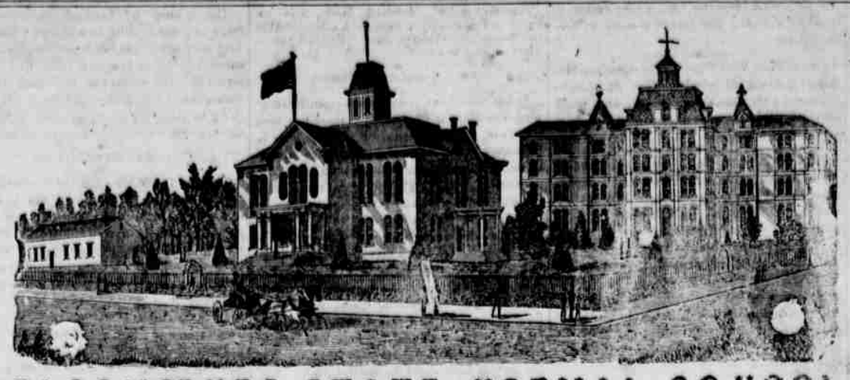
Liver Complaint.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Liver Complaint, but I was permanently cured by using your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP.

Mrs. G P Beringamne.

Dec 12, 1879-1y W & co



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SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

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THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

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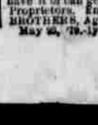

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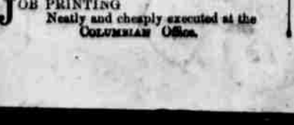

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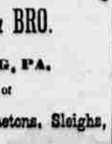

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